



Engineering for Polar Operations, Logistics, and Research (EPOLAR)

## **Summit Station Skiway Cost Analysis**

Terry D. Melendy July 2016



The U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center (ERDC) solves the nation's toughest engineering and environmental challenges. ERDC develops innovative solutions in civil and military engineering, geospatial sciences, water resources, and environmental sciences for the Army, the Department of Defense, civilian agencies, and our nation's public good. Find out more at <a href="https://www.erdc.usace.army.mil">www.erdc.usace.army.mil</a>.

To search for other technical reports published by ERDC, visit the ERDC online library at <a href="http://acwc.sdp.sirsi.net/client/default">http://acwc.sdp.sirsi.net/client/default</a>.

## **Summit Station Skiway Cost Analysis**

Terry D. Melendy

Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory (CRREL) U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center (ERDC) 72 Lyme Road Hanover, NH 03755-1290

#### Final Report

Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

Prepared for National Science Foundation, Division of Polar Programs

Arctic Infrastructure and Logistics

4201 Wilson Boulevard Arlington, VA 22230

Under Engineering for Polar Operations, Logistics, and Research (EPOLAR)

EP-ARC-14-18, "Summit Station Skiway Assessment"

#### **Abstract**

Summit Station, Greenland, is home to a  $5120.6 \times 61.0$  m ( $16,800 \times 200$  ft) skiway that acts as the lifeline for research conducted for the National Science Foundation. The LC-130 aircraft is the primary airframe depended on, each season delivering over 400,000 lb of cargo, personnel, and fuel to this remote location. A majority of the research activities takes place from mid-April to August while the station is open for the summer season.

Over the past three seasons, the skiway's ability to handle this frequency of flights has increased with the implementation of new equipment and techniques, resulting in fewer jet-assisted takeoffs and longer periods of maximum allowable cargo loads. To explore further skiway improvement and cost saving techniques, this report reviews alternative maintenance and construction options based on other skiways located in Greenland and alternative available aircraft that currently operate in this region. Additionally, we were provided the entire season's total labor associated with the skiway operation and data for the cost associated with the skiway, which allowed us to quantify the current and available options. This is the first time that these metrics have been recorded and analyzed.

**DISCLAIMER:** The contents of this report are not to be used for advertising, publication, or promotional purposes. Citation of trade names does not constitute an official endorsement or approval of the use of such commercial products. All product names and trademarks cited are the property of their respective owners. The findings of this report are not to be construed as an official Department of the Army position unless so designated by other authorized documents.

DESTROY THIS REPORT WHEN NO LONGER NEEDED. DO NOT RETURN IT TO THE ORIGINATOR.

# **Contents**

Abs	tract		ii
Fig	ures a	and Tables	iv
Pre	face.		v
Acr	onym	s and Abbreviations	vi
Uni	t Con	version Factors	vii
1	Intro	duction	1
	1.1	Background	
	1.2	Objective	
	1.3	Approach	
2	Sum	mit Skiway Operation Labor	3
	2.1	Construction	3
	2.2	Maintenance	3
	2.3	Flight support	5
	2.4	Total skiway operation cost	5
3	LC-1	30 Current Operations	7
	3.1	Performance	7
	3.2	Cost per pound to Summit Station	12
4	Alte	native Options	15
	4.1	NEEM Skiway	15
	4.2	Basler or Twin Otter	17
	4.3	Deep-field LC-130	18
	4.4	Gapping LC-130 operations (reduced flight periods)	19
5	Con	clusion	21
6	Rec	ommendations	22
Ref	erenc	es	24
		A: 2014 Season—Summit Station Skiway Construction and Maintenance	
FF		dard Operating Procedure	25
Арр	endi	B: 2014 Summit Skiway Flight Summaries	31
Rep	ort D	ocumentation Page	

# **Figures and Tables**

#### **Figures**

1	Summit Skiway maintenance and construction labor for the 2012–2014 seasons	4
2	Summit Skiway maintenance and construction labor for the 2012–2014 seasons (collected by Polar Field Services)	
3	A 109th ANG post-flight summary	7
4	Summit Skiway takeoff performance for the 2012–2014 seasons	8
5	Summit Skiway JATO use for the 2006–2014 seasons	9
6	Air temperature data from NOAA's ESRL station, 2012–2014	10
7	Air temperatures, recommended landing weights, and slides for 2014	11
8	Air temperatures and recommended landing weights for 2012	12
9	NEEM Skiway layout. (Photo courtesy of the Niels Bohr Institute.)	15
10	NEEM's Pisten Bully. (Photo courtesy of the Niels Bohr Institute.)	16
A-1	Equipment currently available at Summit includes (a) a Case 335 Magnum tractor, (b) a Cat D6M bulldozer, (c) a Tucker 1600, (d) a sheepsfoot, (e) a landplane, (f) a 24 ft beam drag, (g) a maxi groomer, and (h) a harrow	25
Table	s	
1	Summit Skiway maintenance and construction labor (in hours) for the 2012–2014 seasons (data from the clean air logs)	3
2	Summit Skiway maintenance and construction cost for the 2012–2014 seasons	5
3	Summit Skiway cost to operate for the 2014 season	6
4	LC-130 cost to the NSF Arctic program for the 2014 season (only cargo to Summit)	13
5	LC-130 cost to the NSF Arctic program for the 2014 season (cargo to and from Summit)	14
6	NEEM Skiway cost assuming the same amount of cargo as Summit for the 2014 season	17
7	Twin Otter and Basler cost comparison for the 2014 season	18
8	Deep-field skiway cost breakdown for the 2014 season	19
9	Cost comparison for the 2014 season when gapping Flight Period 4	19
10	Cost comparison for the 2014 season when gapping Flight Periods 2 and 4	20
11	Cost comparison for LC-130s for the 2014 season with different skiway construction methods	21

### **Preface**

This study was conducted for the National Science Foundation (NSF), Division of Polar Programs (PLR), Arctic, under Engineering for Polar Operations, Logistics, and Research (EPOLAR) EP-ARC-14-18, "Summit Station Skiway Assessment." It could not have been completed without the outstanding assistance received from many Polar Field Services staff.

The work was performed by Terry Melendy (Force Projection and Sustainment Branch, Dr. Sarah Kopczynski, Chief), U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center, Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory (ERDC-CRREL). At the time of publication, Jason Weale was the program manager for EPOLAR Arctic; and Dr. Loren Wehmeyer was Chief of the Research and Engineering Division of ERDC-CRREL. The Deputy Director of ERDC-CRREL was Dr. Lance Hansen, and the Director was Dr. Robert Davis.

For more information regarding this report, please contact Terry D. Melendy by email at <a href="mailto:terry.d.melendy@usace.army.mil">terry.d.melendy@usace.army.mil</a> or by phone at 603-646-4202.

COL Bryan S. Green was Commander of ERDC, and Dr. Jeffery P. Holland was the Director.

## **Acronyms and Abbreviations**

ANG Air National Guard

CRREL U.S. Army Cold Regions Research and Engineering Laboratory

EPOLAR Engineering for Polar Operations, Logistics and Research

ERDC Engineer Research and Development Center

ESRL Earth System Research Laboratory

JATO Jet-Assisted Takeoff

NEEM North Greenland Eemian Ice Drilling

NOAA National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

NSF National Science Foundation

PLR Division of Polar Programs

SOP Standard Operating Procedure

ERDC/CRREL TR-16-9 vii

# **Unit Conversion Factors**

Multiply	Ву	To Obtain
degrees Fahrenheit	(F-32)/1.8	degrees Celsius
feet	0.3048	meters
gallons (U.S. liquid)	3.785412 E-03	cubic meters
inches	0.0254	meters
miles (U.S. statute)	1,609.347	meters
miles per hour	0.44704	meters per second
pounds (mass)	0.45359237	kilograms

#### 1 Introduction

#### 1.1 Background

Over the past three seasons, the U.S. Army Cold Regions and Research and Engineering Laboratory (CRREL) has been involved in assessing and then improving Summit Skiway's performance for the National Science Foundation (NSF). The skiway is located at the peak of the Greenland ice cap (approximately 3200.4 m [10,500 ft] elevation) and has proven to be a reliable piece of infrastructure for the scientific community. The science that takes place at Summit includes, but is not limited to, year-round atmospheric measuring, ice-core drilling, and ground-based validation of satellite measurements.

Earlier iterations of skiway work have made multiple performance gains at Summit Station (Knuth and Melendy 2013). These include reducing the amount of "slides" (LC-130 aircraft attempts at takeoff) that take place in any given flight period, reducing jet-assisted takeoff (JATO) use to the point that one season did not require any, and reducing construction and maintenance on the skiway. We were able to achieve these gains by establishing a construction and maintenance standard operating procedure (SOP) (Knuth and Melendy 2013; Melendy 2015 [republished in Appendix A]) and through purchasing and implementing new equipment.

### 1.2 Objective

The goal of our project is to establish a baseline for comparison by defining the current cost per pound for cargo delivered via LC-130 to Summit Station and to compare it to various other construction, maintenance, and aircraft options available. Alternative skiway maintenance and construction procedures include deep field landings (the current procedure at the North Greenland Eemian Ice Drilling [NEEM] camp) and gapping flight periods. Alternative aircraft currently operating at Summit Station include Twin Otter and Basler. By understanding the current costs associated with the LC-130 transportation, future logistical support options will have a baseline to compare.

#### 1.3 Approach

To establish the baseline approach, equipment and aircraft data have been collected since 2011 and will be used within this report to determine cost and skiway performance. The equipment data collected documents the time the equipment was used, the duration, and the tasking accomplished with association to the skiway. The staff at Summit records this data in the clean air logs and updates it weekly. The New York Air National Guard 109th unit collected flight data after each flight to Summit, outlining the performance of the plane on the skiway.

Costs collected and used within this report for each type of aircraft are based on the actual cost to the NSF Arctic program for the 2014 season. These costs fluctuate each season, generally increasing, and provide an accurate snapshot at the current operating costs.

We collected alternative skiway concepts, such as those at the NEEM camp, from the NEEM logistics and project manager.

## 2 Summit Skiway Operation Labor

#### 2.1 Construction

Each season, construction of the skiway takes place to build a hard base for the runway, which is essential for the summer research season. Skiway construction follows the SOP established in *Summit Station Skiway Review* (Knuth and Melendy 2013). The total amount of labor required to construct the  $16,800 \times 200$  ft skiway (at an elevation over 10,000 ft) for the 2014 season was 54 hr (Table 1). This included raising existing flags and installing new boundary flags (the flags need to be raised or replaced each season because of the yearly snow accumulation) then sheepsfooting, dragging, and planing the landing, turnaround, and loading and unloading surfaces. For reference, Appendix A includes the 2014 construction and maintenance SOP.

#### 2.2 Maintenance

The maintenance procedures for the skiway include raising the marking flags, removing snowdrifts by dragging with the beam drag, and planing with the land plane. At times when weather conditions reduce the strength of the skiway, additional snow strength procedures, such as sheepsfooting, are completed. For the 2014 season, 283 labor hours (Table 1) were consumed in association with the maintenance procedures listed above. For comparison, the total amount of labor associated with skiway maintenance for the 2012 and 2013 seasons were respectively 209.5 and 238.5 hr (Figure 1). We attribute the 2014 season's increased maintenance time to the prime mover's (Case Magnum) not being operational at the start of the season and not available for any early season skiway work. Therefore, constructing the skiway base required a different method than the two previous seasons used. This reduced the performance of the skiway, increasing the required maintenance and construction times.

Table 1. Summit Skiway maintenance and construction labor (in hours) for the 2012–2014 seasons (data from the clean air logs).

Year	Maintenance	Construction	Total to Construct
2012	209.5	55	264.5
2013	238.5	45	283.5
2014	283	87.5	370.5

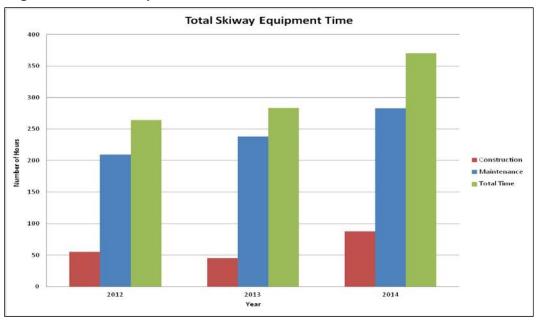


Figure 1. Summit Skiway maintenance and construction labor for the 2012-2014 seasons.

Using the cost of fuel delivered to Summit via LC-130 at a price of \$32/gal. (Lever et al. 2016), the cost for constructing and maintaining the skiway for the 2014 season excluding labor was \$142,272. This assumes that all of the hours recorded for the prime mover were for the Case Magnum, which operates at a fuel consumption rate of 12 gal./hr (Lever 2014). This of course is an overestimated cost because snow machines were used for raising the flags over the season; and while the Case was down with mechanical issues, the Tucker was used, which operates at a lower consumption rate as well but takes longer to complete the tasking due to slower transportation speeds.

Using the effective labor rate at a cost of \$112/hr at Summit (Lever et al. 2016) resulted in a cost of \$41,496, and the labor combined with the equipment and fuel costs totaled \$183,768 to construct and maintain the skiway for the 2014 season. If you use the 2012 and 2013 seasons as typical when the SOP was executed, the average amount of hours required to construct and maintain the skiway was 275. Table 2 shows these results and compares the different years. Again, the 36% increase in cost for the 2014 season can be attributed to not being able to use the most effective equipment for construction and maintenance, resulting in more time needed to complete various skiway activities.

Year	Total Hours	Labor Cost/hr	Fuel Cost/hr	Total Cost
2012	264.5	\$112	\$384	\$131,192
2013	283.5	\$112	\$384	\$140,616
2014	370.5	\$112	\$384	\$183,768

Table 2. Summit Skiway maintenance and construction cost for the 2012-2014 seasons.

#### 2.3 Flight support

For the first time, in 2014 the total amount of time associated with the skiway support was recorded by Polar Field Services (Olsen 2014). Flight support at Summit includes the chief, the site supervisor, the field assistant, the field and cargo coordinator, and the mechanics' time at Summit to repair and maintain the equipment used to construct and maintain the skiway. The total amount of labor associated with flight support in 2014 was 485.5 hr. This covered tasks such as administrative support, flight support for the LC-130, and other miscellaneous support requirements. Therefore, the cost associated with flight support was \$54,376. Figure 2 breaks down the total time associated with the skiway for the 2014 season.

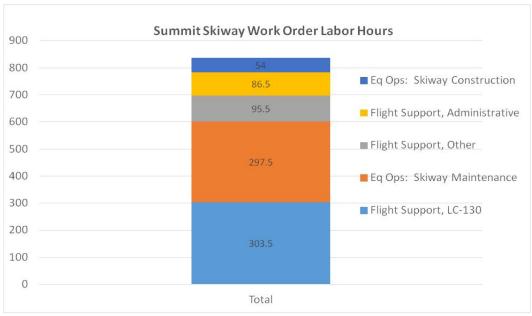


Figure 2. Summit Skiway maintenance and construction labor for the 2012–2014 seasons (collected by Polar Field Services).

#### 2.4 Total skiway operation cost

Table 3 shows the total cost for all of the skiway, taking into account the data shown in Figure 2. (Note that we will also use this display format to

show the alternative skiway construction and maintenance options). The total skiway cost in Table 3 provides a baseline for all comparisons because it is the current operating procedure. We should also note that, regardless of which aircraft transports researchers to and from Summit Station, there are basic logistics and skiway layout requirements that cannot be eliminated by using different aircraft outside of the LC-130.

Table 3. Summit Skiway cost to operate for the 2014 season.

Year	Total Hours	Labor Cost/hr	Equipment Hours	Fuel Cost/hr	Total Cost
2014	856	\$112	370.5	\$384	\$238,144

We expect that the future cost for operating the skiway will return to the 2012 and 2013 season levels if all of the preferred equipment is available. The labor hours consumed by the skiway should be compiled annually and used in future years to provide a comparison for skiway operations and performance.

#### **LC-130 Current Operations** 3

ePMS (040514)

#### 3.1 **Performance**

There were six flight periods from April to August during the 2014 Summit Station summer season. Each flight period lasted for one to two weeks, and 20 flights were completed over the entire season. The 109th Air National Guard (ANG) has recorded flight performance since the 2012 season, generating flight outbriefs for each mission to Summit. Figure 3 shows a typical flight outbrief. Appendix B shows all of the flight outbriefs for the 2014 season.

POLAR MISSION SUMMARY GG-2014-112 LOCAL DATE: 7/17/2014 FLIGHT ENGINEER: MISSON SYMBOL: PILOT 1 (AC): SCHONGALLA M GDSS#: JAM113806198 PILOT 2: NEWTON P LOADMASTER 1: FISHER J NAVIGATOR: LOADMASTER 2: AIRCRAFT TAIL #: PETERS J 30491 Alert- AL Kanger-KG Neem-NM Raven-RV SCH-SC Summit-SM SORTIE 1 SORTIE 2 SORTIE 3 SORTIE 4 Lcl Date 7/17/14 Lcl Date 7/17/14 Thule-TL Other-ZZ SM-018R SORTIF #: SM-018 DEPARTURE ICAO: BGSF ARRIVAL ICAO: **BGSM** BGSF DEPARTURE TIME (Z): 1055 1545 1735 ARRIVAL TIME (Z): 1300 FLIGHT HOURS: DELAY: CANCEL: ABORT: IN-FLT UNFCST WX IMPACT: UPLOAD INFORMATION NYANG NYANG CPS NYANG NYANG CPS CPS CPS CARGO WT: 0 1.800 0 6,240 FUEL WT: 0 18,830 0 0 TOTAL WT (LBS): 0 20,630 0 6,240 PAX#: 0 0 14 FUEL GAL: 0 DOWNLOAD INFORMATION NYANG CPS NYANG CPS NYANG CPS NYANG CPS CARGO WT: 1.800 0 6.240 FUEL WT: 0 18.830 0 0 TOTAL WT (LBS): 0 20,630 0 6.240 PAX#: 0 14 **FUEL GAL:** 2,690 SKIWAY/FIELD CAMP MARKED?: ACL DELIVERED: ATO (# FIRED): TAKEOFF DATA CEILING/VIS.: 008/1600M ELEVATION: ACFT TAKEOFF WT: 117 # TAKEOFF SLIDES: ALT-CAMP: 29.36 THRESHOLD COORDS: TO CG: 27.7 SNOW CONDITION: FRESH/STICKY ACFT LANDING WT: ATO KIAS: RECOMM. LDG WT: FLAP SETTING: 011G/10 AIRDROP COORDs: -8 SKIWAY HEADING: TO DISTANCE: 8,000 MISSION/SKIWAY COMMENTS: APPR END SWY 26 TO MIDFIED VERY SLOW AND STICKY (USELESS) AFTER 5 SLIDES, DOWNLOADED 2 PALLETS, TOOK OFF 115.0 ON 6TH TRY. INITIAL 5 SLIDES WERE HEAVIER THAN ANTICIPATED DUE TO FUEL SYSTEM MALFUNCTION RESULTING IN EXTRA FUEL IN #3 MAIN SHUTDOWN TO DIP TANKS, DOWNLOAD CARGO AND TRANSFER FUEL LED TO SUCCESS ON NEXT TAKEOFF SLIDE.

PREVIOUS EDITIONS OBSOLETE

Figure 3. A 109th ANG post-flight summary.

Outbriefs show the amount of cargo, people and fuel that is on board to and from Summit. These forms also contain the number of slides required to take off from the skiway. In the summary shown from 17 July 2014 (Figure 3), six takeoff attempts were required, referred to as slides, with snow conditions described as fresh and sticky. These reports document other important information, such as the landing weight and the recommended landing weight for the next flight, and include a section at the bottom for any other comments. On the flight in Figure 3, because of poor skiway conditions, the flight had to unload two pallets of cargo heading back to Kangerlussuaq (Kanger), Greenland, to take off. Appendix B shows the post-flight outbriefs for the 2014 season.

Comparing the total number of slides or attempted take offs on the skiway is one metric for determining the performance of the skiway. Figure 4 shows this comparison for the number of additional slides required each season for the LC-130 aircraft to take off from Summit Station.

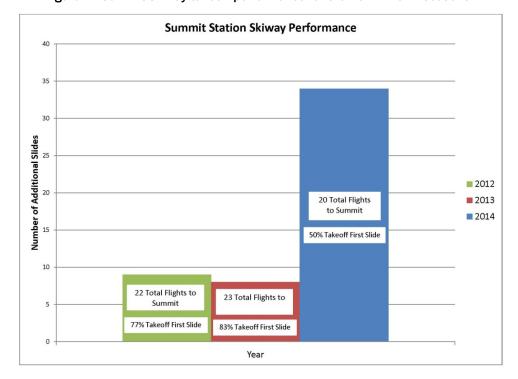


Figure 4. Summit Skiway takeoff performance for the 2012-2014 seasons.

The data in Figure 4 show that in 2012 and 2013, over 75% of the LC-130 flights out of Summit took off on the first attempt in comparison to the 2014 season in which the 20 flights required 34 additional slides on the skiway; only 50% of the flights were able to take off on the first slide.

Many factors could have caused the increase in slides, ranging from a change in skiway construction and maintenance (as the Case Magnum was broken for the early portion of the season) to temperature fluctuations during the time period that the LC-130s were taking off. The typical landing time for the LC-130s falls between 1100 and 1400 hr when the temperatures are at normal highs.

CRREL also tracked the use of JATO as a performance metric for the past 9 seasons (Figure 5). There are a limited number of JATO canisters available to the ANG program, and they are expensive and highly polluting; reducing their use is a significant benefit to the program. Typically, at Summit, JATO is used once an LC-130 has attempted multiple slides on the skiway without success. Assisted takeoffs have been reduced since CRREL developed and implemented the skiway construction and maintenance SOP in 2011. Two flights required assisted takeoffs in 2014, which further illustrate the decrease in skiway performance compared to the three previous seasons.

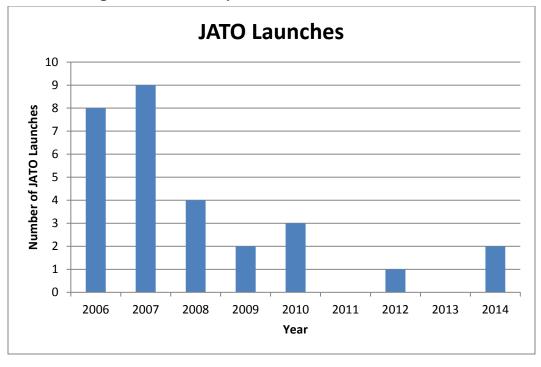


Figure 5. Summit Skiway JATO use for the 2006–2014 seasons.

Figure 6 displays the air temperature fluctuations, collected at Summit Station on an hourly basis (at 1.8 m above ground level) by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Earth System Research Laboratory (ESRL), that occurred in the 2012 to 2014 seasons. The 2012

data show the high temperatures that can be reached at Summit for sustained periods during a comparatively warm summer season; but in 2014, the temperatures were closer to the historical average with fewer peak days above the -10°C threshold. The SOP section titled "Strength Maintenance Procedures," explains how temperatures above -10°C inhibit the process of increasing the skiway's strength.

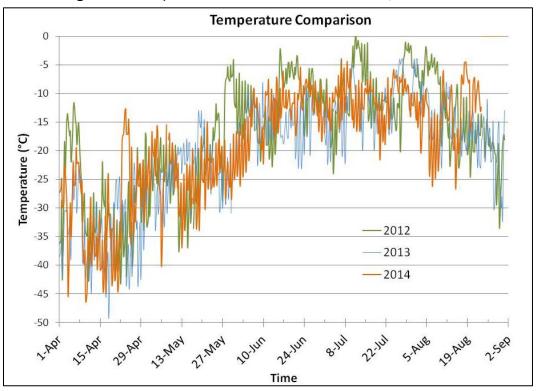


Figure 6. Air temperature data from NOAA's ESRL station, 2012-2014.

Taking a closer look at the 2014 season, the reduced performance of the skiway affected the recommended landing weight for the LC-130s (Figure 7). The takeoff weight was also affected, as noted in the flight mission summaries, and cargo had to be unloaded from several aircraft after multiple failed takeoff attempts. There is an opportunity-cost penalty when the recommended landing weight for each flight is below the maximum of 145,000 lb because the NSF is charged per flight to Summit regardless of how much cargo the plane delivers. The NSF saves money when the total cargo load for the season is delivered in fewer flights. Six missions during the middle of the research season (end of June to the middle of August) operated at less-than-maximum landing weight, which resulted in 30,000 lb of lost delivery potential to Summit. That was equal to one full

mission to Summit Station. The increase in takeoff slides (usually on different days), was identified as the cause of the reduced recommended landing weight. Operationally, the 109th ANG directly correlates their recommended landing weights with takeoff weights from different days during which different environmental and strength conditions can exist.

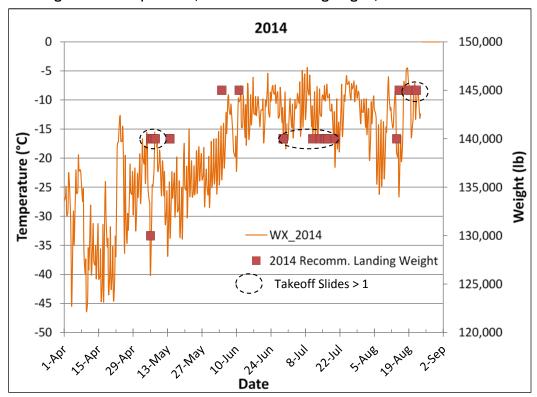


Figure 7. Air temperatures, recommended landing weights, and slides for 2014.

As noted previously, the 2012 season resulted in significantly fewer takeoff attempts and JATO uses. Figure 8 shows the temperature and recommended landing weights from 2012. The SOP was used and executed during the 2012 season with great success. Once the ANG became confident in the skiway performance early in the season, the recommended landing weight stayed at the maximum for all but two flights. The temperatures for the 2012 season were also considerably higher than in 2014, yet the skiway performance continued to support maximum cargo loads. Note the number of times the temperatures were recorded above  $-5^{\circ}$ C compared with 2014.

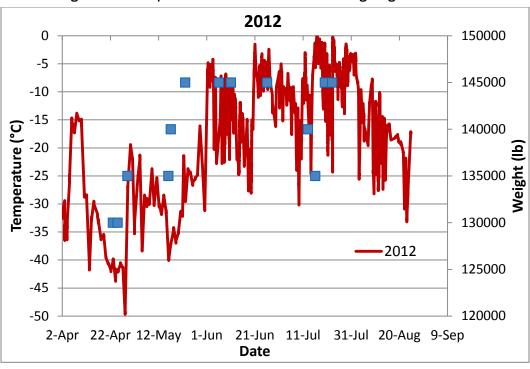


Figure 8. Air temperatures and recommended landing weights for 2012.

#### 3.2 Cost per pound to Summit Station

The LC-130 is capable of carrying 25,000 lb of cargo, people, and fuel to Summit Station when operating at maximum capacity. The average cargo load for the 2011 to 2014 seasons was 21,000 lb as originally published by Lever et al. (2016). The average time for a round trip to Summit from Kanger is 4 hr.

The LC-130 cost to the NSF Arctic Program for the 2014 season totaled \$1,508,000. The cost per hour for the LC-130 for the 2014 season was \$8,215; this includes the flight crew, fuel, and maintenance and overhead costs. A discounted rate of \$7,394/hr is applied for all pre-planned flights. For the 2014 season, all flights executed were planned. Table 4 takes a closer look at the cost breakdown by flight period. Each flight period shows the cost for staging the planes to and from Kanger. The table assumes the cargo is an average of 21,000 lb each flight and does not account for the cargo delivered back to Kanger to show the true cost of delivering materials, people, and fuel to Summit with as few assumptions as possible. The total flight cost column reflects the actual amount billed to the program for each flight period to stage the planes and carry out the Summit missions. The total Summit overhead cost takes into account the cost of construction, maintenance, operation, and logistics required for the

2014 season. It is then distributed over the total amount of cargo moved via LC-130 to Summit. In this case, the cost per pound to operate the skiway is \$0.58/lb; and this includes the fuel cost for the machinery as well.

Flight Period	# Of Flights	То	Cargo (lb)	Cost	Tota	al Flight Cost	Cost / Ib	Summit Overhead	Total Cost / Ib
1	4	Summit	86000	\$ 118,296	\$	307,570	\$3.58	\$0.58	\$4.16
1	4	NY to Kang / Back		\$ 189,274					
2	4	Summit	86000	\$ 118,296	\$	307,570	\$3.58	\$0.58	\$4.16
2	4	NY to Kang / Back		\$ 189,274					
3	3	Summit	64500	\$ 88,722	\$	277,996	\$4.31	\$0.58	\$4.89
3	4	NY to Kang / Back		\$ 189,274					
4	1	Summit	21500	\$ 29,574	\$	124,211	\$5.78	\$0.58	\$6.36
4	2	NY to Kang / Back		\$ 94,637					
5	4	Summit	86000	\$ 118,296	\$	307,570	\$3.58	\$0.58	\$4.16
5	4	NY to Kang / Back		\$ 189,274					
6	3	Summit	64500	\$ 88,722	\$	183,359	\$2.84	\$0.58	\$3.42
6	2	NY to Kang / Back		\$ 94,637					
Totals			408500		\$	1 508 276	\$3.69	\$0.58	\$4.27

Table 4. LC-130 cost to the NSF Arctic program for the 2014 season (only cargo to Summit).

The average total cost per pound for all flight periods for the 2014 season was \$4.27/lb. By breaking out the cost by flight period, it is feasible to determine which flights are costing the program the most per pound. In this case, Flight Period 4 had a cost of \$6.36/lb because there was only one mission to Summit though two planes from NY were staged. A minimum of two planes are required to be staged per flight period as a safety protocol; in the event of an issue with the plane performing the mission to Summit, a rescue can be performed within hours. In contrast, Flight Period 6 saw a cost of \$3.42/lb because there were three missions to Summit and two planes staged from NY.

Taking into account the cargo that was delivered back from Summit (Table 5), a total of 157,092 lb and 141 passengers were delivered back from Summit for the 2014 season. For calculating the total cost per pound, we did not include the passengers in the weight total; and the cargo from Summit was divided equally over all 20 flights, equaling 7854 lb per flight. Accounting for the cargo returned from Summit, the average total cost per pound comes to \$3.13. The maximum cost was \$4.66/lb during the fourth flight period, and the minimum was \$2.51 during the sixth flight period. For the entire season, over 500,000 lb of cargo, personnel, and fuel were moved to and from Summit Station by LC-130. Using the total skiway cost and dividing by the cargo total to and from Summit, the cost per pound for Summit overhead was \$0.43.

Table 5. LC-130 cost to the NSF Arctic program for the 2014 season (cargo to and from Summit).

Flight Period	# Of Flights	Where To	Cargo (lb)	Cost	Total	Flight Cost	Cost / Ib	Summit Overhead	Total Cost / lb
1	4	Summit	86000	\$ 59,148	\$	307,570	\$2.62	\$0.43	\$3.05
1	4	From Summit	31416	\$ 59,148					
1	4	NY to Kang / Back		\$ 189,274					
2	4	Summit	86000	\$ 59,148	\$	307,570	\$2.62	\$0.43	\$3.05
2	4	From Summit	31416	\$ 59,148					
2	4	NY to Kang / Back		\$ 189,274					
3	3	Summit	64500	\$ 44,361	\$	277,996	\$3.16	\$0.43	\$3.59
3	3	From Summit	23562	\$ 44,361					
3	4	NY to Kang / Back		\$ 189,274					
4	1	Summit	21500	\$ 14,787	\$	124,211	\$4.23	\$0.43	\$4.66
4	1	From Summit	7854	\$ 14,787					
4	2	NY to Kang / Back		\$ 94,637					
5	4	Summit	86000	\$ 59,148	\$	307,570	\$2.62	\$0.43	\$3.05
5	4	From Summit	31416	\$ 59,148					
5	4	NY to Kang / Back		\$ 189,274					
6	3	Summit	64500	\$ 44,361	\$	183,359	\$2.08	\$0.43	\$2.51
6	3	From Summit	23562	\$ 44,361					
6	2	NY to Kang / Back		\$ 94,637					·
Totals			557726		\$1	,508,276	\$2.70	\$0.43	\$3.13

## **4 Alternative Options**

#### 4.1 **NEEM Skiway**

The skiway located at NEEM is approximately 200 ft wide by 12,000 ft long at 8150ft elevation (Figure 9). Each season, this skiway is constructed and maintained by a Pisten Bully 300W (Figure 10) with a push blade, tiller, and steel beam drag. This skiway is constructed for LC-130 aircraft operations in a manner similar to Summit Station. The initial layout of the skiway consists of installing marker flags every 200 ft, which consumes 12 hr for two people.

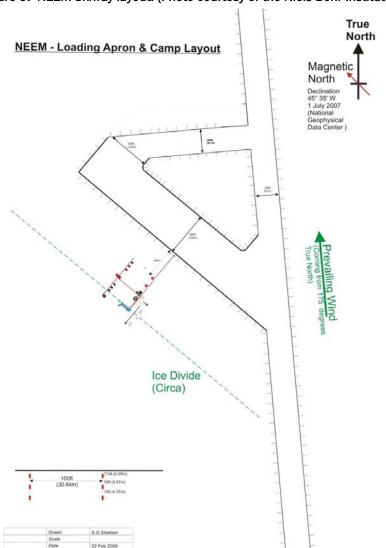


Figure 9. NEEM Skiway layout. (Photo courtesy of the Niels Bohr Institute.)



Figure 10. NEEM's Pisten Bully. (Photo courtesy of the Niels Bohr Institute.)

After the initial layout, construction takes place by track compacting the skiway and performing a drag procedure with the steel beam. Then, the Pisten Bully with the tiller and blade is used. This initial construction phase consumes 68 hr on average. The weekly routine maintenance procedure includes beam dragging and tilling the surface of the skiway with the Pisten Bully, consuming 28 hr each week. After each flight, repairs to the skiway are necessary, using the steel beam drag and tiller on the Pisten Bully, and consume 14 hr (Larsen 2014).

Over the course of a single season, the NEEM skiway requires on average 350 equipment hours; and the Pisten Bully consumes 1900 gal. of fuel. We use a \$32/gal. (Lever et al. 2016) fuel cost to compare directly with Summit, which makes the total annual fuel cost for skiway construction \$60,800. Annual labor, at a cost of \$112/hr to compare directly with Summit, amounts to \$39,200. Thus, the total construction and maintenance cost of the NEEM skiway is \$100,000.

The LC-130 aircraft start each season at NEEM with a maximum landing weight of 125,000 lb (7000 lb cargo), which is the specified landing weight for all unprepared deep snow field locations. Each flight thereafter, the 109th ANG attempts to increase the landing weight by 5000 lb until reaching a maximum of 145,000 lb. To reach the maximum landing weight, it has historically taken 5–10 flights because of poor skiway and weather conditions. It would require 25 flights to deliver 408,500 lb of cargo (the same amount of cargo and fuel that was delivered to Summit in 2014) on this type of skiway. The total equipment and labor for performing skiway repairs and routine maintenance requires 490 hr and consumes 2470 gal. of fuel, totaling 840 equipment hours and 4370 gal. of fuel.

The crew at NEEM does not currently track labor hours or costs for skiway-related administration, cargo preparation, and equipment and mechanic personnel. Based on Summit's administrative figures, NEEM would require approximately 485.5 hr to complete tasking. This is to support operations and assumes six flight periods as performed at Summit Station for the 2014 season.

Table 6 displays the cost per pound for skiway construction at NEEM. In a direct comparison to Summit Station, the cost is approximately \$0.49/lb higher. The large difference between the two construction procedures is due to the type of equipment and associated construction implements and maintenance procedures. The ANG reaches much higher cargo loads in fewer flights at Summit because of their historical performance and available construction assets. This is remarkable in one respect because Summit is located at a 2500 ft higher elevation than NEEM, which is even more challenging for takeoffs

Table 6. NEEM Skiway cost assuming the same amount of cargo as Summit for the 2014 season.

Year	Total Hours	Labor Cost/hr	Equipment Hours		Maint. Cost	Flights	Flight Cost	Cost/lb
2014	1325.5	\$112	840	\$168	\$289,156	25	\$1,656,146	\$4.76

#### 4.2 Basler or Twin Otter

Transporting personnel via alternative air methods, such as the Basler and Twin Otter, are potential options. These options would require that additional cargo and all fuel requirements would be transported via the Greenland Traverse because of the limited bulk cargo and fuel transport capacity of these smaller planes. The maximum load capacity of the Twin Otter is 5500 lb minus fuel and the Basler is 13,000 lb minus fuel. Each of these options would require refueling at Summit Station, further increasing the fuel demand at this location.

Skiway requirements for smaller skied aircraft are significantly reduced to installing skiway boundary flags, consuming 12 labor hours, and performing little to no construction and maintenance. This is possible because these aircraft do not require the same skiway surface strength as the LC-130s.

The costs associated with the Twin Otter include a day rate plus an hourly mission rate, a per passenger rate, airport fees, fuel, a stopover fee, overnight-stay costs, and takeoff and handling fees (Wisneski 2014) (Table 7). The costs associated with the Basler include a day rate, an hourly mission rate, fuel, a crew per diem, and airport and handling fees.

Aircraft	Day Rate	Hourly Rate	Fees
Twin Otter	\$7,920	\$1,391	\$618
Basler	\$9,787	\$1,200	\$618

Table 7. Twin Otter and Basler cost comparison for the 2014 season.

The additional costs, such as fuel and crew per diem, fluctuate depending on the mission, proving to be costly to the program if these aircrafts are considered as a regular method for cargo transport. However when factoring in the LC-130 positioning cost to Kanger prior to performing a Summit mission, it is cost beneficial to transport personnel via these smaller aircraft if it replaces a regular flight period from the schedule. The round trip cost for the Twin Otter and Basler, including all fees and rates, ranges from \$18,000 to \$25,000 per flight to Summit. Variances are due to all of the extra associated costs, such as number of people, amount of cargo handling, and fuel required at Summit. Even with these variances, the costs of these smaller planes are significantly less than the cost of a single LC-130 trip, which totals \$76,892 including staging from NY. This total cost is based on the hourly rate of \$7,394 and a flight time from NY to Kanger of 6.4 hr on average and a 4 hr round trip from Kanger to Summit.

#### 4.3 Deep-field LC-130

If a limited or deep-field skiway were to be laid out at Summit Station with the intent of landing LC-130 aircraft, the requirements for the skiway would include marking and flagging the landing and staging areas. This would not require construction or a maintenance procedure. Logistical coordination would still be required for determining cargo loads and flight times. A deep-field skiway is capable of landing up to 125,000 lb, which equals 7200 lb of actual cargo compared to 12200 lb of cargo that has been delivered to Summit on the first flight the past three seasons.

Flag layout takes approximately 12 hr, and 57 flights are required to achieve the 408,500 lb of cargo capacity that was needed during the 2014 season. Table 8 shows the breakdown for computing the cost of transport.

Year	Total Hours	Labor Cost/hr	Equipment Hours	Fuel Cost/hr	Maint. Cost	Flights	Flight Cost	Cost/lb
2014	497.5	\$112	0	\$0	\$55,720	57	\$2,632,088	\$6.58

Table 8. Deep-field skiway cost breakdown for the 2014 season.

The cost per pound is \$6.58 for operating Summit as a deep-field skiway. This assumes the same number of flight periods (six) as the 2014 season, that cargo is transported only to Summit, and that no cargo is returned. This approach illustrates that increasing the number of required flights increases operation costs at a faster rate than reducing the maintenance and construction. It is more cost effective to construct and maintain a high-strength/high-performance skiway to maximize allowable landing weight for each flight.

#### 4.4 Gapping LC-130 operations (reduced flight periods)

An alternative option for operating the current skiway is to gap the flight periods. This would result in fewer flights from NY to Kanger while increasing the flights from Kanger to Summit Station. Table 9 shows the resulting total season cost if Flight Period 4 was removed from the 2014 schedule and the single flight to Summit was performed during the fifth flight period.

Flight Period	# Of Flights	To	Cargo (lb)	Cost	Tot	al Flight Cost	Cost / Ib	Summit Overhead	Total Cost / lb
1	4	Summit	86000	\$ 118,296	\$	307,570	\$3.58	\$0.58	\$4.16
1	4	NY to Kang / Back		\$ 189,274					
2	4	Summit	86000	\$ 118,296	\$	307,570	\$3.58	\$0.58	\$4.16
2	4	NY to Kang / Back		\$ 189,274					
3	3	Summit	64500	\$ 88,722	\$	277,996	\$4.31	\$0.58	\$4.89
3	4	NY to Kang / Back		\$ 189,274					
5	5	Summit	107500	\$ 147,870	\$	337,144	\$3.14	\$0.58	\$3.72
5	4	NY to Kang / Back		\$ 189,274					
6	3	Summit	64500	\$ 88,722	\$	183,359	\$2.84	\$0.58	\$3.42
6	2	NY to Kang / Back		\$ 94,637					
Totals			408500		\$	1,413,639	\$3.46	\$0.58	\$4.04

Table 9. Cost comparison for the 2014 season when gapping Flight Period 4.

The result of reducing Flight Period 5 from the 2014 season and moving the flight to another period would reduce the total LC-130 cost for the season by \$94,637, or 7% of the seasonal cost. The cost per pound of cargo would also be reduced by \$0.23. This assumes that the cargo goes only to Summit and that none comes back. Skiway maintenance would continue to follow the current SOP as routine maintenance reduces wind drifts and oscillations in the skiway. The total number of flights in this example would stay the same as would the current maximum cargo capacity.

Further reducing flight periods from six to four would significantly affect the total cost per pound for transportation to Summit (Table 10). This example removes Flight Periods 2 and 4, and the additional Summit flights would happen during Flight Periods 1 and 5 to keep the same total transport capacity. The total reduction in flight cost would be \$283,911, or 19% of the total flight budget consumed in 2014. The cost per pound would be reduced to a seasonal average of \$3.58. As in the other examples, this example assumes that the cargo is being delivered in one direction to Summit with no cargo being returned to Kanger. The current SOP for maintenance procedures would still need to be completed to reduce maintenance before a flight period.

Table 10. Cost comparison for the 2014 season when gapping Flight Periods 2 and 4.

Flight Period	# Of Flights	То	Cargo (lb)	Cost	Tota	l Flight Cost	Cost / lb	Summit Overhead	Total Cost / lb
1	8	Summit	172000	\$ 236,592	\$	425,866	\$2.48	\$0.58	\$3.06
1	4	NY to Kang / Back		\$ 189,274					
3	3	Summit	64500	\$ 88,722	\$	277,996	\$4.31	\$0.58	\$4.89
3	4	NY to Kang / Back		\$ 189,274					
5	5	Summit	107500	\$ 118,296	\$	307,570	\$2.86	\$0.58	\$3.44
5	4	NY to Kang / Back		\$ 189,274					
6	3	Summit	64500	\$ 88,722	\$	183,359	\$2.84	\$0.58	\$3.42
6	2	NY to Kang / Back		\$ 94,637				·	
Totals			408500		\$	1,194,791	\$2.92	\$0.58	\$3.50

### **5** Conclusion

After completing the analysis of various options for air transporting cargo and personnel to and from Summit, we have determined that the most cost effective way to operate is by using the LC-130 on a highstrength/high-performance skiway with reduced flight periods and increased flight frequency per period. This would consolidate construction and maintenance of the skiway at Summit, reduce logistics required for all of the flight periods, and distribute the cost of staging aircraft more efficiently as proven in this report. Based on the 2014 data, reducing the number of flight periods by two would reduce the cost per pound of cargo by \$0.69 for a total savings of \$282,000 over one season. Table 11 illustrates the various options for cargo transportation. The aircraft smaller than the LC-130 is removed from consideration as a single viable option because the amount of cargo that needs to be transported annually. Smaller aircraft should be considered, however, for personnel transport if it reduces the number of LC-130 flight periods. This chart takes into account only the cargo delivery to Summit and not the potential of return cargo.

Table 11. Cost comparison for LC-130s for the 2014 season with different skiway construction methods.

Type of Skiway	Flight Periods	# Of Flights	Cargo (lb)	Total Flight Cost	Cost/lb	Summit Overhead	Total Cost/Ib
High Strength	4	19	408500	\$1,194,791	\$2.92	\$0.58	\$3.50
High Strength	5	19	408500	\$1,413,639	\$3.46	\$0.58	\$4.04
High Strength	6	19	408500	\$1,508,276	\$3.69	\$0.58	\$4.27
Mid Strength (NEEM)	4	25	408500	\$1,656,146	\$4.05	\$0.71	\$4.76
Deep Field	N/A	57	408500	\$2,632,088	\$6.44	\$0.14	\$6.58

### **6** Recommendations

Effective skiway maintenance and construction techniques currently consume 13.5% of the total cost of transporting cargo, personnel, and fuel to Summit Station via LC-130. The largest costs to the program are associated with staging planes at Kanger and then performing the flights to Summit Station. The SOP for maintenance and construction of the skiway has reduced equipment use while establishing and maintaining a high-performance level on the landing area.

Implementing a strength-monitoring program that uses the Rammsonde data currently being collected at Summit will increase early season cargo capacity. This can be accomplished by working with the ANG 109th unit to establish a baseline strength requirement that correlates maximum cargo loads to snow strength. The result of establishing a maximum aircraft-cargo-load snow-strength threshold would increase the number of higher load capacity flights because the aircraft ski-landing area control officer would not have to guess the snow conditions. During the 2014 season, 30,000 lb of potential cargo and fuel was not transported because of suggested reduced ACLs. As part of establishing a skiway strength requirement, the amount and timing of maintenance and construction could be optimized to determine potential savings.

Capitalizing on a higher number of Summit missions during each flight period by reducing the number of flight periods will significantly reduce the total cost of air transportation by upwards of 20%. The cost associated with staging planes at Kanger consumed \$946,370, or 62.5% of the total flight cost for the 2014 season. Reducing the number of flights to and from Kanger would create substantial savings.

For transporting personnel, smaller aircraft should be considered because they are cheaper per flight to Summit and can facilitate reducing LC-130 flight periods. If these aircraft are not available for consideration, operating additional LC flights during a flight period would reduce the fuel consumption at Summit, allow for more cargo or fuel delivery potential than the smaller aircraft, and create the potential to remove completely one or more summer flight periods.

It will be necessary to transport smaller cargo in a timely manner as Summit Station evolves to accommodate more efficient infrastructure, and the

pace of required cargo transport may change. Maximizing the current flight structure by increasing seasonal delivery capacity and numbers of flights during each flight period will create both efficiencies and cost savings for the NSF Arctic program.

### References

Knuth, M. A., and T. Melendy. 2013. Summit Station Skiway Review. ERDC/CRREL TR-13-6. Hanover, NH: U.S. Army Research Engineering and Development Center.

- Larsen, L. B. 2014. Personal communication. 10 September. Copenhagen, Denmark: Centre for Ice and Climate.
- Lever, J. H. 2014. Personal communication. 24 September. Hanover, NH: U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center.
- Lever, J. H., G. Phillips, and J. Burnside. 2016. Economic Analysis of the Greenland Inland Traverse (GRIT). ERDC/CRREL SR-16-2. Hanover, NH: U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center.
- Melendy, T. 2015. 2014 Season—Summit Station Skiway Construction and Maintenance Standard Operating Procedure. SOP for the National Science Foundation. Hanover, NH: U.S. Army Engineer Research and Development Center.
- Olsen, R. 2014. Personal communication. 25 September. Aurora, CO: Alternative Experts, LLC.
- Wisneski, S. 2014. Personal communication. 16 September. Denver, CO: Polar Field Services, Inc.

# Appendix A: 2014 Season—Summit Station Skiway Construction and Maintenance Standard Operating Procedure\*

#### **Purpose**

The intent of this document is to provide to the heavy-equipment operators and managing personnel at Summit Station, Greenland, construction and maintenance guidance for the skiway. This procedure takes into account the current equipment and implements available at Summit and aims at producing the most reliable skiway in the shortest amount of operator and equipment time. These procedures are not intended for building the strongest skiway possible but rather a skiway that has proven to perform up to the requirements of the largest aircraft currently landing at Summit, the skied LC-130. Figure A-1 shows the equipment currently available at Summit.

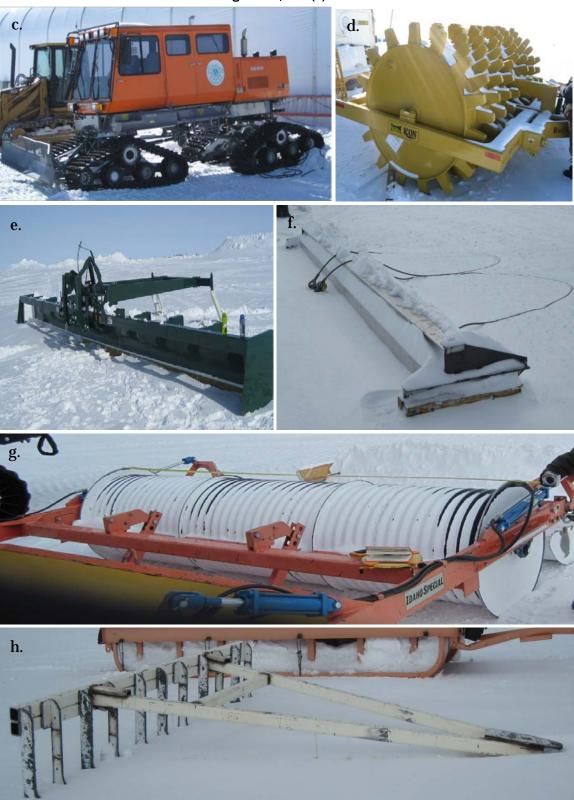
Figure A-1. Equipment currently available at Summit includes (a) a Case 335 Magnum tractor, (b) a Cat D6M bulldozer, (c) a Tucker 1600, (d) a sheepsfoot, (e) a landplane, (f) a 24 ft beam drag, (g) a maxi groomer, and (h) a harrow.





<sup>\*</sup> Originally released as Melendy (2015). It work was conducted for the National Science Foundation (NSF), Division of Polar Programs (PLR), under Engineering for Polar Operations, Logistics, and Research (EPOLAR) EP-ARC 13-18, "Summit Station Skiway Assessment." The technical monitors were Patrick Haggerty and Renee Crain, Program Managers, NSF-PLR Arctic Research Support and Logistics.

Figure A-1 (cont.). Equipment currently available at Summit includes (a) a Case 335 Magnum tractor, (b) a Cat D6M bulldozer, (c) a Tucker 1600, (d) a sheepsfoot, (e) a landplane, (f) a 24 ft beam drag, (g) a maxi groomer, and (h) a harrow.



## **Construction procedure**

All efforts should start at one flag line and work progressively across the skiway.

- Raise skiway markers as early as possible in the spring to reduce skiway drifting.
- 2. Using the modified harrow, drag the skiway, with no overlap, to a maximum depth of 6 in. This will equal 14 passes. At a suggested speed of 8 mph, this will take 6 hours.
- 3. Compact the skiway by performing the first round of passes with the sheepsfoot side by side with no overlap. On the second round of compaction, hook up the drag in tandem after the sheepsfoot and offset the sheepsfoot 6 ft (one drum width) from the first pass to ensure 100% compaction coverage on the skiway. Continue to compact by working across the skiway offset 6 ft from the first round of passes. At the suggested speed of 6 mph, this will take 18 hours to complete.
- 4. Plane the skiway with the 40 ft wide landplane with limited overlap (2–3 ft) in each pass to minimize windrows. This will remove oscillations and smooth the skiway. Set the landplane to cut 2–3 in. deep in relatively level terrain; for reference, the serrated teeth on the cutting blades are 2.5 in. in depth. To avoid hopping of the plane, make sure the skis of the landplane are applying pressure and are not floating. To cover the entire area of the skiway, the landplane will require six passes. At a suggested speed of 6–7 mph (12th to 13th gear in the Case Magnum at 1900–2000 RPM), this will take 3 hours for each full coverage and may require a second pass, depending on skiway condition.

Total construction time will take approximately 27–30 hours, or 4 working days.

# Surface maintenance procedure

The procedure for regular maintenance depends on what equipment is available:

Use the landplane for regular maintenance if the Case is available; otherwise, skip to option 2 below. Overlap each pass enough to minimize windrows (2–3 ft). This will require six passes. At a suggested speed of 6–7 mph, depending on snow and wind conditions, this will take 3 hours. This maintenance should take place

- as soon as possible after a snow event or drifting,
- no more than 24 hours before the expected arrival of a plane, or
- if ruts are found during the post-flight skiway check.
- 2. If the Case is not available, use the Tucker to drag the skiway with the large drag, with no overlap. This will equal nine passes each round. At the suggested speed of 8 mph, this will take 4 hours each round. This should take place
  - as soon as possible after a snow event or drifting,
  - no more than 24 hours before the expected arrival of a plane, or
  - if ruts are found during the post flight skiway check.

Note: Alternative drag patterns can be completed when dragging and using the landplane, particularly when needed for greater visibility for aircraft.

Total maintenance time (drag and plane) will take approximately 3–4 hours.

# Strength maintenance procedure

## **Case tractor**

A minimum of three strength measurements should be taken each week in the same locations along the skiway. When the skiway Rammsonde average strength in the  $5-10~\rm cm$  layer drops below 150 kgf, immediately complete the following strength building procedure unless

- there is less than 1 week before a plane arrives or
- the air temperature was greater than −10°C (14°F) for the previous 24 hours.
- 1. Compact the skiway with the Case and sheepsfoot (pulling the large drag behind). With no overlap between passes, this will equal 17 passes. At the

suggested speed of 6 mph, this will take 9 hours. To avoid creating differences in snow strength and condition, do not stop the equipment in the middle of a pass, only at the ends of the skiway.

2. Immediately after compaction, plane the skiway with the landplane, overlapping each pass 2–3 ft to reduce windrows. This will equal six passes. At the suggested speed of 6–7 mph, this will require 3 hours for each set of six passes. After using the landplane, let the skiway sit for 48 hours to allow it to sinter. To help smooth the skiway, landplaning can be completed a second time, if needed.

Total maintenance time will take 12–15 hours, or 2 days.

## **D6M** bulldozer (strength maintenance alternative)

In the event that the Case is not available, use the D6M. A minimum of three strength measurements should be taken each week in the same locations along the skiway. When the skiway Rammsonde average strength in the 5–10 cm layer drops below 150 kgf, immediately complete the following strength building procedure should be completed unless

- there is less than 1 week before a plane arrives or
- the air temperature was greater than −10°C (14°F) for the previous 24 hours.
- 1. Compact the skiway with the D6M and sheepsfoot (pulling the large drag behind). With no overlap between passes, this will equal 17 passes. At the suggested speed of 4.5 mph, this will take 12 hours. To avoid creating differences in snow strength and condition, do not stop the equipment in the middle of a pass, only at the ends of the skiway.
- 2. Immediately after compaction, drag the skiway with the large drag attached to either the D6M or Tucker, with no overlap. This will equal nine passes. At the suggested speed of 4.5 mph for the D6M or 8 mph for the Tucker, this will respectively take 7 or 4 hours. After a dragging event, let the skiway sit for 48 hours to allow it to sinter.

Total maintenance time will take 16-19 hours, or 2-3 days.

## **Expected completion times**

The expected times of completion do not take into account the turnarounds, which will require more than the stated times, at each end of the skiway and the taxi way as they change from year to year with various requirements and suggestions from the 109th Air National Guard Unit. These times also do not account for the inefficiencies of working for less than 8 hours per day on a task. For example, the strength procedure with the Case 335 is expected to take 12–15 hours; but if compacting the skiway cannot be completed all at once, this task will require an additional 2–3 hours.

## **Summary**

The Summit Station skiway is a vital asset to the Arctic science program. Its continued reliable performance is essential to maintain the current amount of research without interruption. By using the procedures listed within this report, we can ensure a minimum level of performance for the skiway. As the science and equipment changes, the SOP will require modifications to maintain efficiencies by reducing labor and equipment.

# Appendix B: 2014 Summit Skiway Flight Summaries

OLAR MISSIO	N SUMMAI	<b>RY</b> GG-20	14-021				LOCAL DAT	E: 5/6/	2014
PILOT 1 (AC) PILOT 2 NAVIGATOR	: NEWTO	N P	LOADN	NGINEER: NASTER 1: NASTER 2:	HUBBLEY K MORGAN R GIACONIA B		SON SYMBO GDSS	#: JAM107	5CA 7303125 301
	G Neem-NM		TIE 1		TIE 2	SORT			TIE 4
Raven-RV SCH-SC Thule-TL C		Lcl Date	5/6/14	Lcl Date					
	SORTIE #	SM-	002	SM-	002R				
DEPAR	RTURE ICAO:	ВС	SF	BG	SM				
AR	RIVAL ICAO:	BG	SM	ВС	SSF				
DEPARTU	RE TIME (Z):	11	36	14	100				
ARRIV	AL TIME (Z):	13	24	15	649				
FLIC	GHT HOURS	1	.8	1	.8				
	DELAY	N	1X						
	CANCEL								
	ABORT								
N-FLT UNFCST	WX IMPACT								
PLOAD INFORM		NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
	CARGO WT:	0	18,600	0	3,300				
	FUEL WT:	0	0	0	0				
TOTA	L WT (LBS):	0	18,600	0	3,300				
	PAX #:	0	0	0	0				
	FUEL GAL:	0	0	0	0	NIVANIC	CDC	NIVANIC	CDC
OWNLOAD INF		NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
,	CARGO WT:	0	18,600	0	3,300				
TOTA	FUEL WT:	0	0 18,600	0	0 3,300				
1014	AL WT (LBS): PAX #:	0	0	0	0				
	FUEL GAL:	0	0	0	0				
SKIWAY/FIELD						DELIVERED:			
SKIWAT/FIELD	ATO (# FI		0		ACL	DELIVERED.			
	LANDI	IG DATA				TAKE	OFF DATA		
CEILING/VIS.:	20.14	ELEVAT	10000	63 ACFT T	TAKEOFF WT: TO CG:	115,000 25	# TAKEOF		1 GOOD
ALT-CAMP: ALT-AIRCRAFT:	29.14 T	ACFT LANDING		000	ATO KIAS:	0	SKIWAY I		261
PREV. WINDS:	200/12	RECOMM. LDG			AP SETTING:	50		COORDs:	
OAT:	-26	SKIWAY HEAD	NG: 26	1 Т	O DISTANCE:	0			
IISSION/SKIWA	Y COMMEN	TS:							
OTM Lat longs f	heading to 2 checked go	61G od with aircra	ft	apped					
camp altimeter	nding weight	increase to 1	50,000						
camp altimeter recommend lar	nding weight	increase to 1	20,000						
camp altimeter	nding weight	increase to 1	20,000						
camp altimeter	nding weight	increase to 1	30,000						

PILOT 1 (AC): MCKEO	RY GG-20		LOCAL DATE: 5/6/2014						
	N M	FLIGHT E	NGINEER:	BACKUS B	MISS	ON SYMB	SYMBOL: M6CA		
PILOT 2: ELLITHOR	RPE J	LOADIV	1ASTER 1:	HILL J		GDSS	#: JAM10	7304125	
NAVIGATOR: COONRA	DT A	LOADN	ASTER 2:	LUCIER M	AIR	CRAFT TAIL	L#: 2	#: 21095	
Alert- AL Kanger-KG Neem-NM Raven-RV SCH-SC Summit-SM	SOR	TIE 1	SOR		SORT	IE 3	SOF	RTIE 4	
Thule-TL Other-ZZ	Lcl Date	5/6/14	Lcl Date	5/6/14					
SORTIE #	: SM-	001	SM-0	001R					
DEPARTURE ICAO	: ВС	SF	BGSM						
ARRIVAL ICAO	BG	BGSM BGSF							
DEPARTURE TIME (Z):	: 14	05	1625						
ARRIVAL TIME (Z):	15	50	18	15					
FLIGHT HOURS		.7	1.						
DELAY		1X							
		17							
CANCEL									
ABORT									
IN-FLT UNFCST WX IMPACT									
UPLOAD INFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	
CARGO WT:		18,000	0	1,500					
FUEL WT:		0	0	0					
TOTAL WT (LBS):		18,000	0	1,500					
PAX #:		7	0	0					
FUEL GAL:			0	0					
DOWNLOAD INFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	
CARGO WT:		18,000	0	1,500					
FUEL WT:	0	0	0	0					
TOTAL WT (LBS):	0	18,000	0	1,500					
PAX #:	0	7	0	0					
FUEL GAL:	0	0	0	0					
SKIWAY/FIELD CAMP MAR		Yes		ACL	DELIVERED:		Yes		
ATO (# FI	RED):	0							
	NG DATA ELEVAT	ON: 10,5	20 ACETT	AKEOFF WT:	110,000	# TAKEC	OFF SLIDES:	2	
	HRESHOLD COOL		ZO ACFII	TO CG:	23		ONDITION:	GOOD	
CEILING/VIS.: UNRES	ACFT LANDING		000	ATO KIAS:	0		HEADING:	263	
ALT-CAMP: 29.15 T		,		AP SETTING:	100		P COORDs:		
Charles Control of the Control of th	RECOMM. LDG	WT: 140,0	J00 FL	AI SELLING.	200	AIIIDIIO			

POLAR MISSION SUMMAR	RY GG-20:	14-024				LOCAL DAT	<b>E:</b> 5/	7/2014
PILOT 1 (AC): CARRAHE	R W	FLIGHT E	NGINEER:	SAINSBURY J	MISS	ON SYMBO	L:	M6CA
PILOT 2: CALDWE	LL B	LOADN	ASTER 1:	MORGAN R		GDSS	#: JAM1	107305127
NAVIGATOR: SLOSE	(S	LOADN	ASTER 2:	BOOTH J	AIR	CRAFT TAIL	#:	21095
Alert- AL Kanger-KG Neem-NM Raven-RV SCH-SC Summit-SM Thule-TL Other-ZZ	SOR Lcl Date	<b>ΓΙΕ 1</b> 5/7/14		TIE 2 5/7/14	SORT	IE 3	so	RTIE 4
SORTIE #:	SM-	003	SM-	003R				
DEPARTURE ICAO:	BG	SF	ВС	SSM				
ARRIVAL ICAO:	BG	SM	В	GSF				
DEPARTURE TIME (Z):	10	29	16	515				
ARRIVAL TIME (Z):		15	18	305				
FLIGHT HOURS:	1			8				
DELAY:								
CANCEL:								
ABORT:								
IN-FLT UNFCST WX IMPACT:								
UPLOAD INFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	G CPS
CARGO WT:	0	27,610	0	900				
FUEL WT:	0	0	0	4,158				
TOTAL WT (LBS):	0	27,610	0	5,058				
PAX #:	0	1	0	0				
FUEL GAL:	0	0	0	594				
DOWNLOAD INFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYAN	G CPS
CARGO WT:	0	27,610	0	900				
FUEL WT:	0	0	0	0				
TOTAL WT (LBS):	0	27,610	0	900				
PAX #:	0	1	0	0				
FUEL GAL:	0	0	0	0				
SKIWAY/FIELD CAMP MARI	KED?:	Yes		ACL I	DELIVERED:		Yes	
ATO (# FI	RED):	8						
	IG DATA					FF DATA		
CEILING/VIS.:	ELEVATI		ACFT	TAKEOFF WT:	110,000		FF SLIDES:	5
	ACET LANDING			TO CG: ATO KIAS:	26 0	SNOW CO	NDITION: HEADING:	soft/powder 261
ALT-AIRCRAFT: 29.33 PREV. WINDS: 130/18	ACFT LANDING RECOMM. LDG			LAP SETTING:	0	AIRDROP		201
OAT: -15	SKIWAY HEAD			O DISTANCE:	11,000	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-5053.	

- Skiway was soft, camp's sheep's foot is broke, we brought parts on this flight
- On departure end of skiway 26, there are flags depicting the clean air area. An aircraft can not go long without hitting flags. Suggest adding a NOTAM that prohibits going long on Skiway 26 due to take off obstacles. This should also be annotated in mission folder and depicted on camp diagrams.
- Turn around area too small, need to increase
- -Altimeter checked good on ground with camp altimeter
- Camp was not willing to move flags and will not allow an aircraft to go long. They would rather us stay the night

POLAR MISSION SUMMA	ARY GG-20	14-027				LOCAL DATE	: 5/8/	2014
PILOT 1 (AC): MCKE		FLIGHT ET	NGINEER:	BACKUS B	MISS	SON SYMBO		6CA 7306127
NAVIGATOR: COONE			IASTER 2:	GIACONIA B	AIR	CRAFT TAIL #		095
Alert- AL Kanger-KG Neem-N	301	TIE 1	SOR	TIE 2	SORT	IE 3	SOR	ΓIE 4
Raven-RV SCH-SC Summit-SI Thule-TL Other-ZZ	Lcl Date	5/8/14	Lcl Date	5/8/14				
SORTIE	#: SM-	004	SM-0	004R				
DEPARTURE ICA	O: BG	SF	BG	SM				
ARRIVAL ICA	D: BG	SM	BG	SF				
DEPARTURE TIME (2	2): 11	40	15	20				
ARRIVAL TIME (2	2): 13	50	17	00				
FLIGHT HOUR	<b>S</b> : 2	.2	1	.7				
DELA	Y: N	IX						
CANCE	L:							
ABOR	T:							
IN-FLT UNFCST WX IMPAC	т:							
IPLOAD INFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
CARGO WT	r: 0	21,100	0	3,700				
FUEL W1		0	0	0				
TOTAL WT (LBS)		21,100	0	3,700				
PAX # FUEL GAI		0	0	0				
OOWNLOAD INFORMATIO		CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
CARGO WI		21,100	0	3,700				
FUEL WT	г: О	0	0	0				
TOTAL WT (LBS	): 0	21,100	0	3,700				
PAX #	<b>#</b> : 0	0	0	0				
FUEL GAI	L: 0	0	0	0				
SKIWAY/FIELD CAMP MA ATO (#		Yes 7		ACL I	DELIVERED:		No	
	DING DATA				TAKEO	OFF DATA		
CEILING/VIS.: ovc 010/3200	ELEVATI	77.0		AKEOFF WT:	112,000	# TAKEOF		4
ALT-CAMP: 29.62 ALT-AIRCRAFT: 29.85	THRESHOLD COOF			TO CG: ATO KIAS:	26	SNOW COL		slow
PREV. WINDS: 23ot/12	ACFT LANDING RECOMM. LDG			AP SETTING:	65 100	SKIWAY H		
OAT: -20	SKIWAY HEAD			D DISTANCE:	15,000			
VISSION/SKIWAY COMME	NTS:							
#2 engine, no reverse, exp ACL not delivered. Neede did not take on second pa suggest skiway ends (turn	d fuel for take llet to keep air arounds are m	off slides (4) craft take of ade bigger)	f weight low	,				
camp altimeter is good on	ground. PAU s	howing 200	low					

POLAR MISSION SUMMAR	<b>Y</b> GG-20	GG-2014-038				LOCAL DAT	E: 5/14/	2014
PILOT 1 (AC): BRETON	N P	FLIGHT EN	NGINEER:	ALIX B	MISS	SON SYMBO	L: M6CA	
PILOT 2: SHAPIRO	R	LOADM	ASTER 1:	BRITT T		GDSS	#: JAM111	303134
NAVIGATOR: GIACONI	AR	LOADM	ASTER 2:	NOLIN W	AIR	CRAFT TAIL	#: 304	92
Alert- AL Kanger-KG Neem-NM	SOR	TIE 1	SOR	ΠE 2	SORT	1E 3	SORT	TE 4
Raven-RV SCH-SC Summit-SM Thule-TL Other-ZZ	Lcl Date	5/14/14	Lcl Date	5/14/14				
SORTIE #:	SM-	005	SM-0	005R				
DEPARTURE ICAO:	BG	SF	BG:	SM				
ARRIVAL ICAO:	BG	SM	BG	SF				
DEPARTURE TIME (Z):	11	25	14	05				
ARRIVAL TIME (Z):	13	25	15	55				
FLIGHT HOURS:	2	.0	1.	8				
DELAY:	N	ıx						
CANCEL:								
ABORT:								
IN-FLT UNFCST WX IMPACT:								
UPLOAD INFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
CARGO WT:	0	18,300	0	5,600				
FUEL WT:	0	8,477	0	0				
TOTAL WT (LBS):	0	26,777	0	5,600				
PAX#:	0	21	0	1				
FUEL GAL:	0	1,211	0	0				
DOWNLOAD INFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
CARGO WT:	0	18,300	0	5,600				
FUEL WT:	0	8,477	0	0				
TOTAL WT (LBS):	0	26,777	0	5,600				
PAX #:	0	21	0	1				
FUEL GAL:	0	1,211	0	0				
SKIWAY/FIELD CAMP MARK	ED?:	Yes		ACL	DELIVERED:			
ATO (# FI	RED):	0						
LANDIN						FF DATA		
CEILING/VIS.: 9979/P6SM	ELEVATI		ACFT T	AKEOFF WT:	0		FF SLIDES:	1
The state of the s	RESHOLD COOF ACFT LANDING			TO CG: ATO KIAS:	0	SNOW CO	NDITION: HEADING:	
	RECOMM. LDG		FI	APSETTING:	0		COORDs:	
OAT: -35	SKIWAY HEADI			DISTANCE:	0	AMDIOF	- DO 1103.	
MICCIONI/CVINIAV COMMENT	TC.							

LATE T/O DUE TO PROP OIL LIGHT

CAMP RADAR ALTIMETER CHECKED GOOD

TURNAROUND SAME WIDTH AS SKIWAY - TOO NARROW AND NOT IAW 13-217

RAMP DEPICTION IN flip NOT TO SCALE AND NOT ORIENTED AS DEPICTED - MORE TO WEST

RAMP ALSO VERY SMALL - NOT LG ENOUGH FOR COMBAT OFFLOAD

POLAR MISSION S	UMMARY	GG-20:	14-039				LOCAL DAT	E: 5/14	/2014
PILOT 1 (AC):	JOHNSON	D	FLIGHT EI	NGINEER:	BACKUS B	MISS	SON SYMBO	L: M6CA	
PILOT 2:	TATANGELO	D D	LOADIV	IASTER 1:	воотн ј	GDSS #:		#: JAM111305134	
NAVIGATOR:	BREWER	D	LOADIV	IASTER 2:	BRENNAN L	AIR	CRAFT TAIL	#: 21	.095
Alert- AL Kanger-KG		SOR	ΠE 1	SOF	RTIE 2	SORT	TE 3	SOR	TIE 4
Raven-RV SCH-SC S Thule-TL Othe		Lcl Date	5/14/14	Lcl Date	5/14/14				
S	ORTIE#:	SM-	006	SM	-006R				
DEPARTU	RE ICAO:	BG	SF	ВС	SM				
ARRIV	AL ICAO:	BG:	SM	В	GSF				
DEPARTURE	TIME (Z):	13	20	1	608				
ARRIVAL	TIME (Z):	15	08	1	755				
	HOURS:	1.	0.00	1.8					
	DELAY:	ОТ	HR						
	CANCEL:								
	ABORT:								
IN-FLT UNFCST WX	IMPACT:								
UPLOAD INFORMAT	rion	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
CAR	GO WT:	0	20,606	0	2,000				
E	UEL WT:	0	3,129	0	0				
TOTAL W	VT (LBS):	0	23,735	0	2,000				
	PAX#:	0	0	0	0				
FL	JEL GAL:	0	447	0	0				
DOWNLOAD INFOR	MATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
CAR	RGO WT:	0	20,606	0	2,000				
E	UEL WT:	0	3,129	0	0				
TOTAL W	and the same of the same	0	23,735	0	2,000				
	PAX#:	0	0	0	0				
FL	JEL GAL:	0	447	0	0				
SKIWAY/FIELD CAI			Yes		ACL I	DELIVERED:			
	ATO (# FIRE	ED):	0						
	LANDING						FF DATA		
CEILING/VIS.: BRK03	* A * A * A * A * A * A * A * A * A * A	ELEVATI ESHOLD COOR		28 ACFT	TAKEOFF WT: TO CG:	111,000 24.8	# TAKEOF SNOW CO		1 GOOD
ALT CARAD. 30	.+> IHK	ESHOLD COOK				0			0829
ALT-CAMP: 29 ALT-AIRCRAFT: 29	43 A	CET LANDING	MT: 140 0	inn'	ATO KIAS-			4FΔDING:	
ALT-AIRCRAFT: 29		CFT LANDING TECOMM. LDG	1000 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10		ATO KIAS: LAP SETTING:	50	AIRDROP	IEADING: COORDs:	0829

LATE TAKEOFF DUE TO SPACING FOR SKIER89

STUDENT FE: DUMOND

PILOT 1 (AC): SHAPIRO R PILOT 2: TATANGELO NAVIGATOR: GIACONIA		CUCUT E				LOCAL DAT	L//	2014
	D	FLIGHTE	NGINEER:	ALIX B	MIS	SON SYMBO	BOL: M6CA	
NAVIGATOR: GIACONIA			IASTER 1:	NOLIN W		GDSS	OSS #: JAM1113061	
	R	LOADIV	IASTER 2:	воотн ј	AIR	CRAFT TAIL	#: 304	92
Alert- AL Kanger-KG Neem-NM Raven-RV SCH-SC Summit-SM Thule-TL Other-ZZ	SORT Lcl Date	T <b>E 1</b> 5/16/14	SORT	ПЕ 2	SORT	TE 3	SORTIE 4	
SORTIE #:	SM-0	<b>107</b>						
DEPARTURE ICAO:	3141	307						
ARRIVALICAO:								
DEPARTURE TIME (Z):	000	20						
ARRIVAL TIME (Z):	000							
FLIGHT HOURS:	000	,						
DELAY:								
CANCEL:	M	X						
ABORT:								
IN-FLT UNFCST WX IMPACT:								
UPLOAD INFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
CARGO WT:	0	0						
FUEL WT:	0	0						
TOTAL WT (LBS):	0	0						
PAX #:	0	0						
FUEL GAL:	0	0						
DOWNLOAD INFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
CARGO WT:	0	0						
FUEL WT: TOTAL WT (LBS):	0	0						
PAX#:	0	0						
FUEL GAL:	0	0						
SKIWAY/FIELD CAMP MARKET	)?:			ACL I	DELIVERED:			
ATO (# FIRE	D):	0						
LANDING D						OFF DATA		
CEILING/VIS.:  ALT-CAMP: 0 THRE	ELEVATION SHOLD COOR		ACFT TA	AKEOFF WT: TO CG:	0	# TAKEOI SNOW CO	FF SLIDES:	0
	FT LANDING V	7.76		ATO KIAS:	0		HEADING:	
	COMM. LDG V		FLA	APSETTING:	0		COORDs:	
OAT: SE	(IWAY HEADII	IG:	то	DISTANCE:	0			
MISSION/SKIWAY COMMENTS								

PILOT 1 (AC):			14-047				LOCAL DAT	E: 3/1//	2014	
	BREW P		FLIGHT E	NGINEER:	BACKUS B	MISS	SON SYMBO	L: M6	CA	
PILOT 2: TA	TANGELO	D	LOADIV	ASTER 1:	NOLIN W		GDSS a	#: JAM111	30613	
NAVIGATOR:	SIACONIA	R	LOADIV	ASTER 2:	ASTER 2: BOOTH J		AIRCRAFT TAIL#		#: 30492	
Alert- AL Kanger-KG Ne	em-NM	SORT	ΠΕ1	SORT	TIE 2	SORT	TE 3	SORTIE 4		
Raven-RV SCH-SC Sum Thule-TL Other-Z		Lcl Date	5/17/14	Lcl Date						
so	RTIE#:	SM-	007	SM-C	07R					
DEPARTURE	ICAO:	BG	SF	BG:	SM					
ARRIVAL	ICAO:	BG5	SM	BG	SF					
DEPARTURE TIE	VIE (Z):	14	45	17:	30					
ARRIVAL TII		163	30	1920						
FLIGHT H		1.	7	1.	8					
1	DELAY:			М	x					
C	ANCEL:									
	BORT:									
IN-FLT UNFCST WX IN	A									
UPLOAD INFORMATIO		NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	
CARGO		0	8,045	0	8,900	DVIATVI	Cr3	MANG	CPS	
	LWT:	0	13,069	0	0					
TOTAL WT	173	0	21,114	0	8,900					
	PAX #:	0	0	0	0					
	L GAL:	0	1,867	0	0					
DOWNLOAD INFORMA	ATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	
CARGO	o wt:	0	8,045	0	8,900				1000	
FUE	LWT:	0	13,069	0	0					
TOTAL WT	(LBS):	0	21,114	О	8,900					
ļ	PAX #:	0	0	0	0					
FUEI	L GAL:	0	1,867	0	0					
SKIWAY/FIELD CAMP				-	ACL I	DELIVERED:				
AT	O (# FIRE	D):	0							
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1							FF DATA			
	LANDING			ACETT	AKEOFF WT:	0	# TAKEOF	F SLIDES:	0	
CEILING/VIS.:			ELEVATION: 0 ESHOLD COORDS:		TO CG:		SNOW CO	MDITION:		
CEILING/VIS.: ALT-CAMP: 0	THR	ESHOLD COOR	DS:	ACTI		0	SNOW COL			
CEILING/VIS.:	THR		DS: NT: 0		TO CG: ATO KIAS: APSETTING:	0 0 0	SNOW COI SKIWAY H AIRDROP	IEADING:		

PILOT 1 (AC): JOHNSON PILOT 2: SHAPIRO NAVIGATOR: SLOSEK S  Alert- AL Kanger- KG Neem-NM Raven-RV SCH-SC Summit-SM Thule-TL Other-ZZ	R	FLIGHT EI				AL DATE: 5/18/2014			
NAVIGATOR: SLOSEK S  Alert- AL Kanger-KG Neem-NM Raven-RV SCH-SC Summit-SM		O NORTH CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT			MIS	SON SYMBO	L: M6	CA	
Alert- AL Kanger-KG Neem-NM Raven-RV SCH-SC Summit-SM	3	LOADIV	ASTER 1:	PECK L		GDSS	#: JAM111	309137	
Raven-RV SCH-SC Summit-SM	SORTIE 1		ASTER 2:	NOLIN W	AIR	AIRCRAFT TAIL#:		t: 30492	
	SOR	ΠF 1	SOR	ΠF 2	SORT	1F 3	SORTIE 4		
	Lcl Date	5/18/14	Lcl Date	100	30111		50111		
SORTIE #:	SM-	800	SM-0	008R					
DEPARTURE ICAO:	BG	SF	BG:	SM					
ARRIVAL ICAO:	BG:	SM	BG	SF					
DEPARTURE TIME (Z):	14	05	16	40					
ARRIVAL TIME (Z):	15	50	18	40					
FLIGHT HOURS:	1.		2.	10.00					
DELAY:	м	x							
CANCEL:		^							
ABORT:									
IN-FLT UNFCST WX IMPACT:									
UPLOAD INFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	
CARGO WT:	0	2,042	0	10,681					
FUEL WT:	0	21,399	0	0					
TOTAL WT (LBS):	0	23,441	0	10,681					
PAX #:	0	0	0	19					
FUEL GAL:	0	3,057	0	0	20 10 000		0010000	10.00	
DOWNLOAD INFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	
CARGO WT:	0	2,042	0	10,681					
FUEL WT:	0	21,399	0	0					
TOTAL WT (LBS): PAX#:	0	23,441	0	10,681 19					
FUEL GAL:	0	3,057	0	0					
SKIWAY/FIELD CAMP MARKE					DELIVERED:				
ATO (# FIRE		0							
LANDING	DATA				TAKEO	FF DATA			
CEILING/VIS.:	ELEVATI		ACFT T	AKEOFF WT:	0	# TAKEOF		0	
	ESHOLD COOR			TO CG: ATO KIAS:	0	SNOW CO			
	CFT LANDING \ ECOMM. LDG \		FI	APSETTING:	0	SKIWAY H			
	KIWAY HEADI			DISTANCE:	0	711101101			

41

PILOT 2: NEWTON P LOADN NAVIGATOR: STURGIS M LOADN			NGINEER: IASTER 1: IASTER 2:	HUARD M BRENNAN L HASSIS D		LOCAL DATE:  MISSON SYMBOL:  GDSS #:  AIRCRAFT TAIL #:		M6CA JAM101302155	
Alert- AL Kanger-KG Neem-NM Raven-RV SCH-SC Summit-SM Thule-TL Other-ZZ	SOR Lcl Date	TIE <b>1</b> 6/4/14	SOR <sup>T</sup> Lcl Date	200	SORT	1E 3	SOR	TIE 4	
SORTIE #:	SM-	009	SM-0	009R					
DEPARTURE ICAO:	BG		BGS						
ARRIVAL ICAO:		SM	BGSF						
DEPARTURE TIME (Z):	12	00	1435						
ARRIVAL TIME (Z):	13	52	1618						
FLIGHT HOURS:	1	.9	1.7						
DELAY:									
CANCEL:									
ABORT:									
IN-FLT UNFCST WX IMPACT:									
UPLOAD INFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	
CARGO WT:	0	18,100	0	9,000					
FUEL WT:	0	10,276	0	0					
TOTAL WT (LBS):	0	28,376	0	9,000					
PAX #:	0	27	0	1					
FUEL GAL:	0	1,468	0	0	10.10.000			1000	
DOWNLOAD INFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	
CARGO WT: FUEL WT:	0	18,100	0	9,000					
TOTAL WT (LBS):	0	10,276 28,376	0	9,000					
PAX#:	0	27	o	1					
FUEL GAL:	0	1,468	0	0					
SKIWAY/FIELD CAMP MARK		Yes 0		ACL I	DELIVERED:		Yes		
LANDING		55.00			TAKEC	FF DATA			
CEILING/VIS.: 9999/65M	ELEVATI	ON: 0	ACFT T	AKEOFF WT:	125		FF SLIDES:	1	
	RESHOLD COOF			TO CG:	26.3		NDITION:	HARD	
PARTITION OF THE PARTY OF THE P	RECOMM. LDG		EI	ATO KIAS: APSETTING:	0 50		HEADING: COORDs:		
	SKIWAY HEADI			DISTANCE:	10,000	AMDIO	coons.		
MISSION/SKIWAY COMMENT	·C•								

PILOT 1 (AC): LANCASTER A PILOT 2: FURNIA B NAVIGATOR: GIACONIA R  Alert- AL Kanger-KG Neem-NM Raven-RV SCH-SC Summit-SM Thule-TL Other-ZZ			NGINEER: IASTER 1:	HUARD M	MIS			
NAVIGATOR: GIACONIA R  Alert- AL Kanger-KG Neem-NM Raven-RV SCH-SC Summit-SM			IASTER 1:					
Alert- AL Kanger-KG Neem-NM Raven-RV SCH-SC Summit-SM		R LOADMA		JAMES D		GDSS	S#: JAM101304161	
Raven-RV SCH-SC Summit-SM	SORTIE 1		IASTER 2:	GREGORY K	AIR	CRAFT TAIL	L#: 21094	
Thula TI Other 77		AND SAN	SOR		SORT	TE 3	SORT	1E 4
Thule-TE Other-22	.cl Date	6/11/14	Lcl Date	5/11/14				
SORTIE #:	SM-	010	SM-0	)10R				
DEPARTURE ICAO:	BG	SF	BG:	SM				
ARRIVAL ICAO:	BG5	SM	BGSF					
DEPARTURE TIME (Z):	13:	10	1600					
ARRIVAL TIME (Z):	15	10	1755					
FLIGHT HOURS:	2.	0	1.	9				
DELAY:	FUEL	ING						
CANCEL:								
ABORT:								
IN-FLT UNFCST WX IMPACT:								
UPLOAD INFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
CARGO WT:	0	5,668	0	16,420				
FUEL WT:	0	19,663	0	0				
TOTAL WT (LBS):	0	25,331	0	16,420				
PAX #:	0	0	0	7				
FUEL GAL:	0	2,809	0	0	2000 20000000			2007.000
	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
CARGO WT:	0	5,668	0	16,420				
FUEL WT:	0	19,663	0	0				
TOTAL WT (LBS): PAX#:	0	25,331	0	16,420 7				
FUEL GAL:	0	2,809	0	0				
SKIWAY/FIELD CAMP MARKED	).			ACL	DELIVERED:			
ATO (# FIRED		0		ACL	DELIVERED:			
LANDING DA					TAKEO	FF DATA		
CEILING/VIS.:	ELEVATION OF THE PROPERTY OF T	ON: 0	ACFT T	AKEOFF WT:	0		FF SLIDES:	0
ALT-CAMP: 0 THRES	HOLD COOR	DS:		TO CG:	0	snow co	NDITION:	
	LANDING V			ATO KIAS:	0		HEADING:	
	OMM. LDG V WAY HEADII			AP SETTING: D DISTANCE:	0	AIRDROP	COORDs:	
	WAT HEADII			DISTANCE.	· ·			
MISSION/SKIWAY COMMENTS:								

POLAR MISSION SUMM	DLAR MISSION SUMMARY GG-2014-078					LOCAL DAT	E: 6/11/	2014	
PILOT 1 (AC): CARRA	AHER W	FLIGHT EN	IGINEER: N	1USSMACHER	W MISS	W MISSON SYMBOL:		L: M6CA	
PILOT 2: CALL	OON J	LOADM	ASTER 1:	SALISBURY S	3	GDSS#:		305162	
NAVIGATOR: SHAN	AHAN J	LOADM	ASTER 2:	WALLACE M	1 AIR	CRAFT TAIL	#: 633	01	
Alert- AL Kanger-KG Neem-1	JUIN	TIE 1	SOR	TIE 2	SORT	TE 3	SORT	1E 4	
Raven-RV SCH-SC Summit-S Thule-TL Other-ZZ	Lcl Date	6/11/14	Lcl Date	6/11/14					
SORTIE	#: SM-	011	SM-0	011R					
<b>DEPARTURE ICA</b>	O: BG	SF	BG	SM					
ARRIVAL ICA	O: BG	SM	BGSF						
DEPARTURE TIME (	<b>Z):</b> 15	05	1815						
ARRIVAL TIME (	<b>Z):</b> 16	55	20	2000					
FLIGHT HOU	RS: 1	.8	1	.7					
DELA	AY: OT	HR							
CANC	EL:								
ABOI	RT:								
IN-FLT UNFCST WX IMPAG	CT:								
JPLOAD INFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CP	
CARGO W	<b>T</b> : 0	0	0	10,460					
FUEL W	<b>T:</b> 0	28,308	0	0					
TOTAL WT (LBS	<b>6):</b> 0	28,308	0	10,460					
PAX	#: 0	0	0	26					
FUEL GA	<b>L:</b> 0	4,044	0	0					
DOWNLOAD INFORMATIO	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CP:	
CARGO W	<b>T:</b> 0	0	0	10,460					
FUEL W	<b>T</b> : 0	28,308	0	0					
TOTAL WT (LBS	<b>6):</b> 0	28,308	0	10,460					
PAX	100	0	0	26					
FUEL GA	<b>L:</b> 0	4,044	0	0					
SKIWAY/FIELD CAMP MA		Yes		ACL	DELIVERED:		Yes		
ATO (#	FIRED):	0							
	DING DATA	ON: 10.50		AVEOFFINE	_	FF DATA	TE CLIDEC.		
CEILING/VIS.: UNRES ALT-CAMP: 30.13	ELEVATI THRESHOLD COOF			TO CG:	122 24.8	SNOW CO	FF SLIDES: NDITION:	1	
ALT-AIRCRAFT: 0	ACFT LANDING			ATO KIAS:	0	SKIWAY			
	RECOMM. LDG			APSETTING:	50	AIRDROP			
PREV. WINDS: 223T/12	RECOMINI. LDG								

POLAR MISSI	ION SUMM	ARY GG-20	14-090				LOCAL DATE	6/29	/2014
PILOT 1 (A	AC): SAND	ER C	FLIGHT E	NGINEER:	DELGIACCO I	M MISS	ON SYMBOL	: Mr	6CA
PILO	T 2: KELL	Y M	LOADN	MASTER 1:	MORGAN R		GDSS#	: JAM10	7402180
NAVIGAT	OR: FARR	ELL C	LOADN	MASTER 2:	COUSINEAU	M AIR	CRAFT TAIL#	: 30	491
Alert- AL Kange Raven-RV SCH-	er-KG Neem-N -SC Summit-SN		TIE 1	SOR	TIE 2	SORT	IE 3	SOR	TIE 4
	Other-ZZ	" Lcl Date	6/29/14	Lcl Date	6/29/14				
	SORTIE	#: SM	-012	SM-	012R				
DEP	ARTURE ICA	O: BO	SSF	BG	SM				
	ARRIVAL ICA	D: BG	SM	ВС	SSF				
DEPAR	TURE TIME (2	<b>z):</b> 12	210	16	645				
ARF	ARRIVAL TIME (Z):		110	18	345				
F	LIGHT HOUR	S: 2	0	2	.0				
	DELA	Y:							
	CANCE	L:							
	ABOR	T:							
IN-FLT UNFCS	T WX IMPAC	т:							
UPLOAD INFO	RMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
	CARGO WT	r: 0	12,570	0	8,100				
	FUEL WI	Γ: Ο	8,183	0	0				
то	TAL WT (LBS	): 0	20,753	0	8,100				
	PAX #		4	0	10				
	FUEL GAI	L: 0	1,169	0	0				
DOWNLOAD I	NFORMATIO	N NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
	CARGO WT	Г: О	12,570	0	8,100				
	FUEL WI	Γ: 0	8,183	0	0				
то	TAL WT (LBS	): 0	20,753	0	8,100				
	PAX #	t: 0	4	0	10				
	FUEL GAI	L: 0	1,169	0	0				
SKIWAY/FIEL	D CAMP MA	RKED?:	Yes		ACL	DELIVERED:		Yes	
	ATO (#	FIRED):	0						
LANDING DATA						· ·	FF DATA		
CEILING/VIS.:	6 BRK 9999	ELEVAT			AKEOFF WT:	118,000	# TAKEOFF		6
ALT-CAMP:	29.66 0	THRESHOLD COO			TO CG:	24 0	SNOW CON		SOFT 265
ALT-AIRCRAFT: PREV. WINDS:	180/12	ACFT LANDING RECOMM. LDG	The state of the s		ATO KIAS: AP SETTING:	50	SKIWAY HE AIRDROP C		205
OAT:	-1	SKIWAY HEAD			O DISTANCE:	50 16,797	AIRDROP C	CORDS:	
UAI.	-	JANUAT HEAD	203		DISTANCE	10,737			

## MISSION/SKIWAY COMMENTS:

POLAR MISSIC	ON SUMMAR	<b>Y</b> GG-201	4-091				LOCAL DATE:	6/29	9/2014
PILOT 1 (AC	: HATHAWA	AA 1	FLIGHT E	NGINEER:	MESSINEO N	/ MIS	SON SYMBOL:	T.	BMN
PILOT	2: NIELSON	S	LOADN	1ASTER 1:	MACAULAY '	T	GDSS#:	DUNGN	/TA0B180
NAVIGATO	R: SMITH	J	LOADIN	1ASTER 2:	MCGUIGAN	E AIR	CRAFT TAIL #:	30	0490
Alert- AL Kanger		SORT	IE 1	SOR	ΓIE 2	SORT	TE 3	SOF	RTIE 4
Raven-RV SCH-S Thule-TL	C Summit-SM Other-ZZ	Lcl Date	6/29/14	Lcl Date	6/29/14				
	SORTIE #:	SM-0	13	SM-0	)13R				
DEPA	RTURE ICAO:	BG9	F	BG	SM				
А	RRIVAL ICAO:	BGS	М	BG	SF				
DEPART	URE TIME (Z):	131	3	16	50				
ARRI	VAL TIME (Z):	1535		18	35				
FL	IGHT HOURS:	2.4		1	.7				
	DELAY:	M	(						
	CANCEL:								
	ABORT:								
IN-FLT UNFCST	WX IMPACT:								
UPLOAD INFOR	MATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
	CARGO WT:	0	0	0	9,150				
	FUEL WT:	0	0	0	0				
тот	AL WT (LBS):	0	0	0	9,150				
	PAX #:	0	0	0	0				
	FUEL GAL:	0	0	0	0				
DOWNLOAD IN	FORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
	CARGO WT:	0	0	0	9,150				
	FUEL WT:	1,883	0	0	0				
тот	AL WT (LBS):	1,883	0	0	9,150				
	PAX #:	0	0	0	0				
	FUEL GAL:	269	0	0	0				
SKIWAY/FIELD	CAMP MARK	ED?:			ACL	DELIVERED:			
	ATO (# FIR	ED):	0						
LANDING DATA					A VEOFF		OFF DATA	LIDEC	
CEILING/VIS.: ALT-CAMP:	29.66 THI	ELEVATIO RESHOLD COORD	derin francein		TO CG:	126,000 29	# TAKEOFF S SNOW COND		1 SMOOTH
ALT-AIRCRAFT:		ACFT LANDING W			ATO KIAS:	0	SKIWAY HEA		080G
PREV. WINDS:		RECOMM. LDG W			AP SETTING:	50	AIRDROP CO		5000
OAT:		SKIWAY HEADIN			DISTANCE:	7,000		- 1 - 1	

## MISSION/SKIWAY COMMENTS:

POLAR MISSI	ON SUMMAR	<b>RY</b> GG-20	14-099				LOCAL DATE	E: 7/11	/2014
PILOT 1 (A	c): wood	E	FLIGHT EI	NGINEER:	SAINSBURY J	MIS	SON SYMBO	L: T3	то
PILOT	2: NEWTO	N P	LOADN	IASTER 1:	воотн ј		GDSS #	#: JAM113	8803192
NAVIGATO	R: PRICE	D	LOADN	IASTER 2:	CERRONE G	AIR	CRAFT TAIL #	<b>#:</b> 30-	491
Alert- AL Kanger		SOR	TIE 1	SOR	TIE 2	SORT	TE 3	SOR	TIE 4
Raven-RV SCH-: Thule-TL		Lcl Date	7/11/14	Lcl Date	7/11/14				
	SORTIE #:	SM-	014	SM-	014R				
DEPA	ARTURE ICAO:	BG	SF	BG	SM				
А	RRIVAL ICAO:	BG	SM	BG	SSF				
DEPART	URE TIME (Z):	12	05	15	15				
ARRI	VAL TIME (Z):	14	20	16	555				
	IGHT HOURS:		.3	1	.7				
	DELAY:								
	CANCEL:	:							
	ABORT:								
IN-FLT UNFCST									
UPLOAD INFOR	RMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
	CARGO WT:	0	11,010	0	12,400				
	FUEL WT:	0	12,887	0	0				
тот	AL WT (LBS):	0	23,897	0	12,400				
	PAX #:	0	19	0	0				
	FUEL GAL:	0	1,841	0	0				
DOWNLOAD IN	IFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
	CARGO WT:	0	11,010	0	12,400				
	FUEL WT:	0	12,887	0	0				
тот	AL WT (LBS):	0	23,897	0	12,400				
	PAX #:	0	19	0	0				
	FUEL GAL:	0	1,841	0	0				
SKIWAY/FIELD	CAMP MARI	KED?:	Yes		ACL I	ELIVERED:		Yes	
	ATO (# FI	RED):	0						
		IG DATA					OFF DATA		
CEILING/VIS.:	UNR	ELEVATI	2010		AKEOFF WT:	121 28	# TAKEOF		2 SOFT
	29.97 TI 29.97	ACFT LANDING							
	170T/02	RECOMM. LDG				7.000			203
OAT:	-16	SKIWAY HEADI			O DISTANCE:	10,000	Ambrior	00011001	
ALT-CAMP: ALT-AIRCRAFT: PREV. WINDS: OAT:  MISSION/SKIW	WT: 140	) ) FL	TO CG: ATO KIAS: AP SETTING: O DISTANCE:	0 50	SNOW COI SKIWAY H AIRDROP	EADING:	SOFT 263		

SCNS REF LIBRARY WRONG GSM08 AND GSM26 ARE REVERSED IN SCNS! PUT IN NOTAMS

POLAR MISSION SUMMARY	GG-201	4-105				LOCAL DAT	E: 7/14/	2014
PILOT 1 (AC): NEWTON	P	FLIGHT E	NGINEER:	HUARD M	MIS	SON SYMBO	DL: T31	го
PILOT 2: SCHONGALL	A M	LOADIV	IASTER 1:	JAMES D		GDSS	#: DUNGMT	A0G195
NAVIGATOR: NOVAK T		LOADN	IASTER 2: PR	EYER-BLAKEI	NY AIR	CRAFT TAIL	#: 304	91
Alert- AL Kanger-KG Neem-NM	SORT	TE 1	SORT	TE 2	SORT	TIE 3	SORT	1E 4
Raven-RV SCH-SC Summit-SM Thule-TL Other-ZZ	Lcl Date	7/14/14	Lcl Date 7	/14/14	Lcl Date	7/14/14		
SORTIE #:	RV-0	27	SM-0	)15	SM-0	15R		
DEPARTURE ICAO:	BG:	SF	BG:	SF	BG5	SM		
ARRIVAL ICAO:	BGSF		BGS	M	BG:	SF		
DEPARTURE TIME (Z):	1350		200	)5	223	30		
ARRIVAL TIME (Z):	1550		215	55	002	20		
FLIGHT HOURS:	2.0		1.8	3	1.	8		
DELAY:								
CANCEL:								
ABORT:								
IN-FLT UNFCST WX IMPACT:								
UPLOAD INFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
CARGO WT:	0	0	0	0	0	3,230		
FUEL WT:	0	0	0	0	0	0		
TOTAL WT (LBS):	0	0	0	0	0	3,230		
PAX#:	0	0	0	0	0	3		
FUEL GAL:	0	0	0	0	0	0		
DOWNLOAD INFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
CARGO WT:	0	0	0	0	0	3,230		
FUEL WT:	0	0	0	0	0	0		
TOTAL WT (LBS):	0	0	0	0	0	3,230		
PAX #:	0	0	0	0	0	3		
FUEL GAL:	0	0	0	0	0	0		
SKIWAY/FIELD CAMP MARKE					DELIVERED:			
		Yes		ACL	DELIVERED.			
ATO (# FIRE		Yes 0		ACL	DELIVERED.			
LANDING	D):	0	lacer To		TAKEC	DFF DATA	ce cupes.	
LANDING CEILING/VIS.: 010	D):  DATA  ELEVATIO	0 <b>DN</b> : 0	ACFT TA	KEOFF WT:	<u>TAKEC</u>	# TAKEO	FF SLIDES:	5
LANDING CEILING/VIS.: 010 ALT-CAMP: 29.63 THR	DATA  ELEVATION ESHOLD COORI	0 ON: 0 OS:	ACFT TA	KEOFF WT: TO CG:	TAKEC	# TAKEO	NDITION: OSE/	
CEILING/VIS.: 010  ALT-CAMP: 29.63 THR ALT-AIRCRAFT: 0 Air	D):  DATA  ELEVATIO	0 DN: 0 DS: VT: 0		KEOFF WT:	TAKEC 0 24.7	# TAKEO SNOW CO SKIWAY I	NDITION: OSE/	STICKY/FRE

MEDIVAC CREW NEWTON; SCHONGALLA, PRICE, HUARD, JAMES AND PREYER-BLAKNEY

DEPARTU ARRIV	SOUZA C GODFREY LEIMBACH		FLIGHT EI		GUTHINGER E	MISS	ON SYMBO	L: M60	CA
NAVIGATOR:  Alert- AL Kanger- KG Raven-RV SCH-SC S Thule-TL Other  DEPARTU ARRIV		D	LOADM						
Alert-AL Kanger-KG Raven-RV SCH-SC S Thule-TL Othe  DEPARTU  ARRIV	LEIMBACH		LUADIV	IASTER 1:	PETERS J		GDSS	#: JAM1138	304197
Raven-RV SCH-SC STH-SC STH-SC STH-SC STH-SC STH-SCH STH-SCH SCH SCH SCH SCH SCH SCH SCH SCH SCH		I R	LOADIV	IASTER 2:	FISHER J	AIR	CRAFT TAIL	#: 304	90
Thule-TL Othe S DEPARTU ARRIV		SOR	TIE 1	SOR	TIE 2	SORT	IE3	SORT	IE 4
DEPARTU ARRIV		Lcl Date	7/16/14	Lcl Date	7/16/14				
ARRIV	SORTIE #:	SM-	016	SM-	016R				
	JRE ICAO:	BGSF		BG	SM				
ARRIVAL ICAO:		BG	BGSM		SF				
DEPARTURE TIME (Z):		10	40	14	.00				
ARRIVAL	TIME (Z):	1235		1540					
	T HOURS:	1.9		1.7					
	DELAY:	FUE	LING						
	CANCEL:								
	ABORT:								
IN-FLT UNFCST WX	IMPACT:								
UPLOAD INFORMA	TION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
CAI	RGO WT:	0	10,690	0	13,330				
F	UEL WT:	0	8,092	0	0				
TOTAL V	NT (LBS):	0	18,782	0	13,330				
	PAX#:	0	30	0	13				
F	UEL GAL:	0	1,156	0	0				
DOWNLOAD INFOR	RMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
CAI	RGO WT:	0	10,690	0	13,330				
F	UEL WT:	0	8,092	0	0				
TOTAL V	NT (LBS):	0	18,782	0	13,330				
	PAX#:	0	30	0	13				
F	UEL GAL:	0	1,156	0	0				
SKIWAY/FIELD CA	SKIWAY/FIELD CAMP MARKED?:				ACL [	DELIVERED:			
,									
	ATO (# FIRE	ED):	0						

1600

29.42

29.42

010/16

CEILING/VIS.:

ALT-AIRCRAFT:

PREV. WINDS:

ALT-CAMP:

HAD TO WAIT FOR SKIER 32 TO LAND FOR DV PICKUP

**ELEVATION:** 

THRESHOLD COORDS:

ACFT LANDING WT:

RECOMM. LDG WT:

SKIWAY HEADING:

10,520

OK

135

140

082

ACFT TAKEOFF WT:

TO CG:

ATO KIAS:

FLAP SETTING:

TO DISTANCE:

125

27.9

0

50

7,000

# TAKEOFF SLIDES:

SNOW CONDITION:

SKIWAY HEADING:

AIRDROP COORDs:

1

STICKY

POLAR MISSION SUMMARY	GG-20	14-109				LOCAL DAT	E: 7/16/	2014
PILOT 1 (AC): ROSS A		FLIGHT E	NGINEER:	HUARD M	MIS	SON SYMBO	DL: M6	CA
PILOT 2: JACOBSON	IJ	LOADN	MASTER 1:	MORGAN R		GDSS	#: JAM113	805197
NAVIGATOR: ENDRES	J	LOADN	MASTER 2:	CERRONE G	AIF	CRAFT TAIL	#: 304	191
Alert- AL Kanger-KG Neem-NM	SOR	TIE 1	SOR	TIE 2	SORT	TF 3	SORTIE 4	
Raven-RV SCH-SC Summit-SM Thule-TL Other-ZZ	Lcl Date	7/16/14	Lcl Date		00111		30111	
SORTIE #:	SM-	017	SM-017R					
DEPARTURE ICAO:	BGSF		BG	SM				
ARRIVAL ICAO:	BGSM		BG	iSF				
<b>DEPARTURE TIME (Z):</b>	1155		15	20				
ARRIVAL TIME (Z):	13	45	17	00				
FLIGHT HOURS:		.8		.7				
DELAY:	FUE	LING						
CANCEL:								
ABORT:								
IN-FLT UNFCST WX IMPACT:								
UPLOAD INFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
CARGO WT:	0	0	0	11,730		-		
FUEL WT:	0	23,303	0	0				
TOTAL WT (LBS):	0	23,303	0	11,730				
PAX#:	0	0	0	9				
FUEL GAL:	0	3,329	0	0				
DOWNLOAD INFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
CARGO WT:	0	0	0	11,730				
FUEL WT:	0	23,303	0	0				
TOTAL WT (LBS):	0	23,303	0	11,730				
PAX #: FUEL GAL:	0	0	0	9				
		3,329			DANIEL PRODUCTO			
SKIWAY/FIELD CAMP MARKE ATO (# FIR		Yes 0		ACL I	DELIVERED:		Yes	
LANDING		(a)			TAKEC	OFF DATA		
CEILING/VIS.: 1000/1 MILE	ELEVATI	ON: 10,5	28 ACFT T	AKEOFF WT:	120,500	# TAKEO	FF SLIDES:	2
	ESHOLD COOF			TO CG:	26.5		NDITION: )OR/	
	CFT LANDING			ATO KIAS:	0 50	SKIWAY I		082G
	ECOMM. LDG KIWAY HEADI			AP SETTING: O DISTANCE:	126,000	AIRDROP	COURDS:	
MISSION/SKIWAY COMMENT								
DELAYED FOR FUEL TRUCK (30	WIINS							
ePMS (040514)					Р	REVIOUS E	EDITIONS O	BSOLET

POLAR MISSION SUMMAR	<b>Y</b> GG-20	14-112				LOCAL DAT	E: 7/1	7/2014
PILOT 1 (AC): SCHONGAL	LA M	FLIGHT EI	NGINEER:	HUARD M	MISS	ON SYMBO	L: N	16CA
PILOT 2: NEWTON	N P	LOADN	IASTER 1:	FISHER J		GDSS	#: JAM1:	13806198
NAVIGATOR: PRICE	D	LOADN	IASTER 2:	PETERS J	AIRC	CRAFT TAIL	#: 3	0491
Alert- AL Kanger-KG Neem-NM	SOR	TIE 1	SOR	TIE 2	SORTI	E 3	SOF	RTIE 4
Raven-RV SCH-SC Summit-SM Thule-TL Other-ZZ	Lcl Date	7/17/14	Lcl Date	7/17/14				
SORTIE#:	SM-	018	SM-0	)18R				
DEPARTURE ICAO:	BG	SF	BG:	SM				
ARRIVAL ICAO:	BGSM		BG					
DEPARTURE TIME (Z):	1055		15	200				
ARRIVAL TIME (Z):	1300		17	35				
FLIGHT HOURS:		2.1		8				
DELAY:								
CANCEL:								
ABORT:								
IN-FLT UNFCST WX IMPACT:								
UPLOAD INFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
CARGO WT:	0	1,800	0	6,240	IIIAIIG	CIS	MIANO	CIS
FUEL WT:	0	18,830	0	0				
TOTAL WT (LBS):	0	20,630	o	6,240				
PAX#:	0	6	0	14				
FUEL GAL:	0	2,690	0	0				
DOWNLOAD INFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
CARGO WT:	0	1,800	0	6,240				
FUEL WT:	0	18,830	0	0				
TOTAL WT (LBS):	0	20,630	0	6,240				
PAX #:	0	6	0	14				
FUEL GAL:	0	2,690	0	0				
SKIWAY/FIELD CAMP MARK	ED?:	Yes		ACL I	DELIVERED:		Yes	
ATO (# FIF	RED):	0						
LANDIN	G DATA				TAKEO	FF DATA		
CEILING/VIS.: 008/1600M	ELEVATI		ACFT T	AKEOFF WT:	117	# TAKEOF		6
LEGISLANDON IN STRUCTURE INSTALL	RESHOLD COOF			TO CG:	27.7		NDITION: F	
PARTY AND DESCRIPTION AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	ACFT LANDING TRECOMM. LDG			ATO KIAS: APSETTING:	0 50	SKIWAY H		082G
OAT: -8	SKIWAY HEADI			DISTANCE:	8,000	AINDROP	COUNDS:	

APPR END SWY 26 TO MIDFIED VERY SLOW AND STICKY (USELESS)

CROSSWINDS!!!

AFTER 5 SLIDES, DOWNLOADED 2 PALLETS, TOOK OFF 115.0 ON 6TH TRY.

INITIAL 5 SLIDES WERE HEAVIER THAN ANTICIPATED DUE TO FUEL SYSTEM MALFUNCTION RESULTING IN EXTRA FUEL IN #3 MAIN SHUTDOWN TO DIP TANKS, DOWNLOAD CARGO AND TRANSFER FUEL LED TO SUCCESS ON NEXT TAKEOFF SLIDE.

ePMS (040514)

POLAR MISSI	ON SUMMAR	<b>RY</b> GG-20	14-124				LOCAL DATE	7/20	/2014
PILOT 1 (A	C): NEWTO	N P	FLIGHT E	NGINEER:	DUMOND C	MISS	ON SYMBOL	: М	6CA
PILOT	2: MARCHEGI	ANI D	LOADN	ASTER 1:	JAMES D		GDSS#	: JAM113	3806201
NAVIGATO	R: PRICE	D	LOADN	ASTER 2: P	REYER-BLAKE	NY AIR	CRAFT TAIL#	30	491
Raven-RV SCH-S		SOR'	TIE 1 7/20/14	15	7/20/14	SORTIE 3		SORTIE 4	
Thule-TL	Other-ZZ	La Date	7/20/14	LCIDate	7/20/14				
	SORTIE #:	SM-	019	SM-	-019R				
DEPA	ARTURE ICAO:	BG	SF	BC	SSM				
Α	RRIVAL ICAO:	BG	SM	В	GSF				
DEPART	URE TIME (Z):	13	10	1	615				
ARRI	VAL TIME (Z):	15	10	1	755				
FL	IGHT HOURS:	2.	.0	:	1.7				
	DELAY:								
	CANCEL:								
	ABORT:								
IN-FLT UNFCST	WX IMPACT:								
UPLOAD INFOR	RMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
	CARGO WT:	0	3,489	0	14,880				
	<b>FUEL WT:</b>	0	19,663	0	0				
тот	AL WT (LBS):	0	23,152	0	14,880				
	PAX#:	0	5	0	14				
	FUEL GAL:	0	2,809	0	0				
DOWNLOAD IN	IFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
	CARGO WT:	0	3,489	0	14,880				
	FUEL WT:	0	19,663	0	0				
тот	AL WT (LBS):	0	23,152	0	14,880				
	<b>PAX #:</b>	0	5	0	14				
	FUEL GAL:	0	2,809	0	0				
SKIWAY/FIELD	CAMP MAR	(ED?:	Yes		ACL	DELIVERED:		Yes	
	ATO (# FII	RED):	0						
	LANDIN	G DATA				TAKEO	FF DATA		
CEILING/VIS.:	UNR	ELEVATI		ACFT	TAKEOFF WT:	125	# TAKEOFF		1
ALT-CAMP:		IRESHOLD COOF			TO CG:	24		DITION: HAR	
ALT-AIRCRAFT:		ACFT LANDING			ATO KIAS:	0	SKIWAY HE		082G
PREV. WINDS:		RECOMM. LDG			LAP SETTING:	50	AIRDROP C	OORDs:	
OAT:	-9C	SKIWAY HEADI	NG: 26	3 .	TO DISTANCE:	10,000			

CAMP REQUESTED STOP FUEL DOWNLOAD AS THEY HAD NOT PREPARED 2 BLADDERS AND THEY COULDN'T TAKE ANYMORE.

APPROX 20 MIN DELAY ON GROUND DUE TO INSUFFICIENT CARGO PREPARATION. LOADMASTERS HAD TO RE-CHAIN PROPANE CAGES (SK34) SINCE TWO CAGES WERE ON 1 PALLET. EACH CAGE REQUIRES INDIVIDUAL RESTRAINT.

PILOT 1 (AC): TAT		GG-20	14-137				LOCAL DAT	TE: 8/14	/2014	
THE STREET STREET STREET STREET	ANGELO	D D	FLIGHT E	NGINEER:	HUARD M	MIS	SON SYMBO	DL: Me	6CA	
PILOT 2: PA	NZERA	D	LOADN	IASTER 1:	BOWDEN		GDSS	#: JAM10:	1702226	
NAVIGATOR: COO	ONRAD	ГА	LOADN	IASTER 2:	GREGORY K	AIR	CRAFT TAIL	.#: 30	30490	
Alert- AL Kanger-KG Neer Raven-RV SCH-SC Summ Thule-TL Other-ZZ		SOR <sup>*</sup> Lcl Date	TIE 1 8/14/14	SOR Lcl Date	TIE 2 8/14/14	SORT	TE 3	SORTIE		
NOTE INCOME SERVED BOSING DAVISOR CO.	TIF #3	CNA	700 To 200 To 700 To 20							
SORT		SM-			020R					
DEPARTURE I		BG		1000	SM					
ARRIVALI		BG:			SF					
DEPARTURE TIM		15			50					
ARRIVAL TIM		1700			40					
FLIGHT HO	URS:	1.	.8	1	.8					
DE	LAY:									
CAN	ICEL:									
AB	ORT:									
IN-FLT UNFCST WX IMP	ACT:									
UPLOAD INFORMATION	Ľ.	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	
CARGO	WT:	0	6,500	0	11,000					
FUEL		0	18,655	0	0					
TOTAL WT (L		0	25,155	0	11,000					
	X #:	0	0	0	0					
FUEL	GAL:	0	2,665	0	0					
DOWNLOAD INFORMAT	ION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	
CARGO	ALEXONE)	0	6,500	0	11,000					
FUEL		0	18,655	0	0					
TOTAL WT (L	X#:	0	25,155 0	0	11,000 0					
FUEL		0	2,665	0	0					
SKIWAY/FIELD CAMP	ИARKE	D?:		ACL DELIVERED:						
АТО	(# FIRE	D):	0							
	ANDING	DATA					FF DATA			
CEILING/VIS.: unrest	TU0	ELEVATI	2000	40 ACFT T	AKEOFF WT:	120,000		FF SLIDES:	1	
ALT-CAMP: 29.76 ALT-AIRCRAFT: 29.76		ESHOLD COOF		000	TO CG: ATO KIAS:	26.4 0		NDITION: HEADING:	good good	
		ECOMM. LDG			APSETTING:	50		COORDs:		
PREV. WINDS: 253/6			NG: 263		O DISTANCE:	14				

POLAR MISSIG	ON SUMMAR	<b>G</b> G-20:	14-138				LOCAL DAT	ΓE: 8/15	/2014
PILOT 1 (Ad	C): NIELSON	J	FLIGHT E	NGINEER:	HUBBLEY K	MIS	SON SYMBO	DL: M	6CA
PILOT	2: TATANGEL	O D	LOADN	ASTER 1:	воотн ј		GDSS	#: JAM10	1704227
NAVIGATO	R: COONRAD	TA	LOADN	ASTER 2:	HASSIS D	AIF	CRAFT TAIL	#: 30	490
	-KG Neem-NM	SOR	TIE 1	SOR	TIE 2	SORT	TIE 3	SOR	TIE 4
Raven-RV SCH-S Thule-TL		Lcl Date	8/15/14	Lcl Date	8/15/14				
	SORTIE #:	SM-	021	SM-0	)21R				
DEPA	ARTURE ICAO:	BG	SF	BG	SM				
А	RRIVAL ICAO:	BG	SM	BG	SF				
DEPART	URE TIME (Z):	11	45	14	25				
ARRI	VAL TIME (Z):	1340		16	10				
	IGHT HOURS:	1.9		1	.7				
	DELAY:	FST	wx						
	CANCEL:								
	ABORT:								
IN-FLT UNFCST									
UPLOAD INFOR		NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
	CARGO WT:	0	17,000	0	8,200				
	FUEL WT:	0	15,148	0	0				
тот	AL WT (LBS):	0	32,148	0	8,200				
	PAX #:	0	12	0	1				
	FUEL GAL:	0	2,164	0	0				
DOWNLOAD IN	IFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
	CARGO WT:	0	17,000	0	8,200				
TOT	FUEL WT:	0	15,148	0	0				
101	AL WT (LBS): PAX #:	0	32,148 12	0	8,200 1				
	FUEL GAL:	0	2,164	0	0				
SKIWAY/FIFIT	CAMP MARKI	:D2·			ACL I	DELIVERED:			
Sitteration	ATO (# FIR		0		7,021	DELIVERED.			
	LANDING	DATA				TAKEC	OFF DATA		
CEILING/VIS.:	BRK	ELEVATI	ON: 10,5	28 ACFT T	AKEOFF WT:	120,000	# TAKEO	FF SLIDES:	1
ALT-CAMP:		RESHOLD COOF			TO CG:	27		NDITION:	GOOD
ALT-AIRCRAFT: PREV. WINDS:		CFT LANDING			ATO KIAS: APSETTING:	0 50		HEADING: COORDs:	
OAT:		SKIWAY HEADI			D DISTANCE:	6,500	AINDIO	coonbs.	
MISSION/SKIW	AV COMBAENIT	c.							
IVII33ION/3KIVI	AT COMMENT	<u>s.</u>							
DMC (040E14	1						DEVIOUS.	EDITIONS O	DEOLE
PMS (040514	)					Р	KEVIOUS	EDITIONS (	DRZOFF

POLAR MISSION SUMMAR	Y GG-20	14-152				LOCAL DA	TE: 8/19/	2014
PILOT 1 (AC): SALA	1	FLIGHT E	NGINEER:	COLLINS C	MIS	SON SYMBO	DL: M6	CA
PILOT 2: MCKEON	M	LOADN	MASTER 1:	BOOTH J		GDSS	#: JAM101	705231
NAVIGATOR: GREY	<b>E</b>	LOADN	ASTER 2:	GIACONIA B	AIR	CRAFT TAIL	L#: 30491	
Alert- AL Kanger-KG Neem-NM	SOR	TIE 1	SOR	TIE 2	SORT	TE 3	SORT	TE 4
Raven-RV SCH-SC Summit-SM Thule-TL Other-ZZ	Lcl Date	8/19/14	Lcl Date	8/19/14				
SORTIE #:	SM-	022	SM-0	)22R				
<b>DEPARTURE ICAO:</b>	BGSF		BG:	SM				
ARRIVAL ICAO:	BGSM		BG	SF				
DEPARTURE TIME (Z):	11	40	1610					
ARRIVAL TIME (Z):	1335		1805					
FLIGHT HOURS:	1.9		1.9					
DELAY:								
CANCEL:								
ABORT:								
IN-FLT UNFCST WX IMPACT:								
UPLOAD INFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
CARGO WT:	0	5,000	0	3,000				
FUEL WT:	0	16,429	0	0				
TOTAL WT (LBS):	0	21,429	0	3,000				
PAX #:	0	0	0	5				
FUEL GAL:	0	2,347	0	0				
DOWNLOAD INFORMATION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
CARGO WT:	0	5,000	0	3,000				
FUEL WT:	0	16,429	0	0				
TOTAL WT (LBS):	0	21,429	0	3,000				
PAX #:	0	0	0	5				
FUEL GAL:	0	2,347	0	0				
SKINAN / EIEI D CAMP MADE	ED2.		ACL DELIVERED.					

SKIWAY/FIELD CAMP MARKED?:

ATO (# FIRED): 0

ACL DELIVERED:

	LA	NDING DATA		TAKEOFF DATA						
CEILING/VIS.:	3000/3	ELEVATION:	10,528	ACFT TAKEOFF WT:	116,000	# TAKEOFF SLIDES:	10			
ALT-CAMP:	30.2	THRESHOLD COORDS:		TO CG:	28	SNOW CONDITION:	soft			
ALT-AIRCRAFT:	30.2	ACFT LANDING WT:	145,000	ATO KIAS:	0	SKIWAY HEADING:	263G			
PREV. WINDS:	3306/10	RECOMM. LDG WT:	145,000	FLAP SETTING:	70	AIRDROP COORDs:				
OAT:	-8	SKIWAY HEADING:	263G	TO DISTANCE:	16,790					

## MISSION/SKIWAY COMMENTS:

Soft smow and crosswinds delayed takeoff after 2 slides. Downloaded pallet 2, after 4 more slides downloaded pallet 1. finally got off after 10 slides

POLAR MISSION SUM	MARY	GG-20	14-156				LOCAL DAT	E: 8/22	/2014
PILOT 1 (AC): MCKEON		M FLIGHT ENGINEE		NGINEER:	COLLINS C	MISSON SYM		OL: M6CA	
PILOT 2: MAUNZ		J LOADMA		ASTER 1:	воотн ј		GDSS	SS#: JAM101706233	
NAVIGATOR: ENDRES		LOADMASTER 2:		MASTER 2:	MCCULLEN 1	T AIRCRAFT TAIL #: 30490		490	
Alert- AL Kanger-KG Neem-NM Raven-RV SCH-SC Summit-SM Thule-TL Other-ZZ		SORTIE 1		SORTIE 2		SORTIE 3		SORTIE 4	
		Lcl Date	8/22/14	Lcl Date	8/22/14				
SOR	ΓΙΕ #:	SM-	023	SM	-023R				
DEPARTURE I	CAO:	BG	SF	В	GSM				
ARRIVAL I	CAO:	BG	SM	В	GSF				
DEPARTURE TIME (Z):		1000		1315					
ARRIVAL TIME (Z):		1225		1510					
FLIGHT HOURS:		2.4		1.9					
DI	LAY:	N	IX						
CAN	ICEL:								
AB	ORT:								
IN-FLT UNFCST WX IMP	ACT:								
UPLOAD INFORMATION	Ľ	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
CARGO	WT:	0	0	0	8,420				
FUEL	WT:	0	21,854	0	0				
TOTAL WT (I	BS):	0	21,854	0	8,420				
	X#:	0	0	0	22				
FUEL	GAL:	0	3,122	0	0				
DOWNLOAD INFORMA	LION	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS	NYANG	CPS
CARGO	WT:	0	0	0	8,420				
FUEL	WT:	0	21,854	0	0				
TOTAL WT (I	.BS):	0	21,854	0	8,420				
	X#:	0	0	0	22				
FUEL	GAL:	0	3,122	0	0				
SKIWAY/FIELD CAMP MARKED?: Yes ACL DELIVERED: Yes									
АТО	(# FIRI	ED):	0						
_	ANDING					TAKEOFF DATA			
CEILING/VIS.: 3300 OVC		ELEVATI	2000	00 ACFT	TAKEOFF WT:	125,000	# TAKEOFF SLIDES: 2		
ALT-CAMP: 29.91		RESHOLD COORDS:		TO CG:		28.9 0	SNOW CONDITION: POOR SKIWAY HEADING: 263G		
ANTINE CONTINUE CONTINUE TO STATE OF ST		CFT LANDING WT: 142,0 ECOMM. LDG WT: 145,0				50	AIRDROP		263G
		SKIWAY HEADI	,		TO DISTANCE:	7,500	AIRDROP	COUNDS:	
						.,-50			

INU #2 FAILED, MX REQUIRED.

CHECK REF LIB (MASTER) GSM08/GSM26 ARE REVERSED!

FIRST SLIDE WAS OFF SWY08. ONLY ONE SLIDE NECESSSARY FOR SWY26

## REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing this collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden to Department of Defense, Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports (0704-0188), 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302. Respondents should be aware that notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person shall be subject to any penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if it does not display a currently valid OMB control number. PLEASE DO NOT RETURN YOUR FORM TO THE ABOVE ADDRESS.

1. REPORT DATE (DD-MM-YYYY) July 2016	2. REPORT TYPE Technical Report/Final	3. DATES COVERED (From - To)
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE	recimear Report/Timar	5a. CONTRACT NUMBER
Summit Station Skiway Cost An	alysis	Sh. ODANT NUMBER
·	•	5b. GRANT NUMBER
		5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER
6. AUTHOR(S)		5d. PROJECT NUMBER
Terry D. Melendy	5e. TASK NUMBER	
		EP-ARC-14-18
		5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME	8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER	
U.S. Army Engineer Research and De-	velopment Center (ERDC)	
Cold Regions Research and Engineering	ERDC/CRREL TR-16-9	
72 Lyme Road		
Hanover, NH 03755-1290		
9. SPONSORING / MONITORING AGENC	10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S)	
National Science Foundation, Division	NSF	
Arctic Infrastructure and Logistics	11. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT	
4201 Wilson Boulevard Arlington, VA 22230	NUMBER(S)	
Allington, VA 22230		

#### 12. DISTRIBUTION / AVAILABILITY STATEMENT

Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

#### 13. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES

Engineering for Polar Operations, Logistics, and Research (EPOLAR)

#### 14. ABSTRACT

Summit Station, Greenland, is home to a  $5120.6 \times 61.0$  m ( $16,800 \times 200$  ft) skiway that acts as the lifeline for research conducted for the National Science Foundation. The LC-130 aircraft is the primary airframe depended on, each season delivering over 400,000 lb of cargo, personnel, and fuel to this remote location. A majority of the research activities takes place from mid-April to August while the station is open for the summer season.

Over the past three seasons, the skiway's ability to handle this frequency of flights has increased with the implementation of new equipment and techniques, resulting in fewer jet-assisted takeoffs and longer periods of maximum allowable cargo loads. To explore further skiway improvement and cost saving techniques, this report reviews alternative maintenance and construction options based on other skiways located in Greenland and alternative available aircraft that currently operate in this region. Additionally, we were provided the entire season's total labor associated with the skiway operation and data for the cost associated with the skiway, which allowed us to quantify the current and available options. This is the first time that these metrics have been recorded and analyzed.

## 15. SUBJECT TERMS

Cost Analysis, EPOLAR, Greenland, LC-130, Logistics, NEEM, NSF, Skiway construction, Skiway Standard Operating Procedure, Summit Station

16. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF:			17. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT	18. NUMBER OF PAGES	19a. NAME OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON
a. REPORT	b. ABSTRACT	c. THIS PAGE			19b. TELEPHONE NUMBER (include
Unclassified	Unclassified	Unclassified	SAR	66	area code)